# Wetland Report for FAP 827 (Illinois Route 15), new Crossing of the Wabash River, Wabash County, Illinois and Gibson County, Indiana

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### **Introduction and Project Summary**

The following sources were examined while surveying the project area to determine wetland locations and boundaries: United States Geological Survey topographic maps and National Wetland Inventory (NWI) maps (Mount Carmel and East Mount Carmel Quadrangles, 7.5 Minute Series); an aerial photograph; Reed (1988); Walker and Fehrenbacher (1964); and Environmental Laboratory (1987). These materials were used during an on-site evaluation of vegetation, soils, and hydrology.

All potential wetlands within the project corridor were examined. Twenty-four routine on-site wetland determinations were performed. Fifteen of these sites met all wetland criteria, and therefore, were determined to be wetlands. Two additional cropped sites may be wetlands. At this time, the final determinations for these cropped sites remain unknown, pending determinations from the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Personnel from the local NRCS office were unable to supply determinations for these two sites. If this information is needed, formal requests for determinations through the local NRCS office will be necessary. Results of all determinations are summarized below and are described in more detail on the accompanying forms (Appendix 1). The wetland delineation sites are marked on Figures 1-4. Figure 1 is included as a separate large photograph.

Included with the assessment of a site is its Floristic Quality Index (Taft et al. 1997). Although the Index is not a substitute for quantitative vegetation analysis in assessing plant communities, it provides a measure of the floristic integrity or level of disturbance of a site. Each plant species is assigned a rating between 0 and 10 (the Coefficient of Conservatism) that is a subjective indicator of how likely a plant may be found on an undisturbed site in a natural plant community. A plant species that has a low Coefficient of Conservatism (C) is common and is likely to tolerate disturbed conditions; a species with a high C is relatively rare and is likely to require specific, undisturbed habitats. Plants not identified to species level are not rated and are not included in the calculations.

The Floristic Quality Index (FQI) is calculated as follows:  $FQI = R/\sqrt{N}$ , where R represents the sum of the numerical ratings (C) for all species recorded for a site, and N represents the number of plants on the site. The mean C value (also known as mean rated quality) was also determined for each site. This value is calculated as follows: mCv = R/N. The C value for each species is shown in the species list for the site. Species not native to Illinois or Indiana (indicated by \*\* in the species list for each site) are not included in calculations. An Index score below 10 suggests a site of low natural quality; below five, a highly disturbed site. An FQI value of 20 or more suggests that a site has evidence of native character and may be considered an environmental asset.

Since the initial development of the Floristic Quality Index for the Chicago Region, the method has been adapted to other areas, including the entire state of Illinois and Indiana. Some adaptation is necessary, because Coefficients of Conservatism assigned to species need to reflect their observed behavior in the particular region in question, and the values can vary over large geographic areas. Since this project includes wetland sites in both Illinois and Indiana, two separate lists of C values were used in order to account for regional differences in species behavior between the two states. Taft *et al.* (1997) was used for wetland sites in Illinois, while Rothrock (2004) was used for wetland sites in Indiana. Coefficients of Conservatism can vary considerably between the two lists. Although the C values from Rothrock (2004) were used for plants found in Indiana, for conformity botanical nomenclature follows Taft *et al.* (1997) in the species list for each wetland site, for Indiana as well as Illinois.

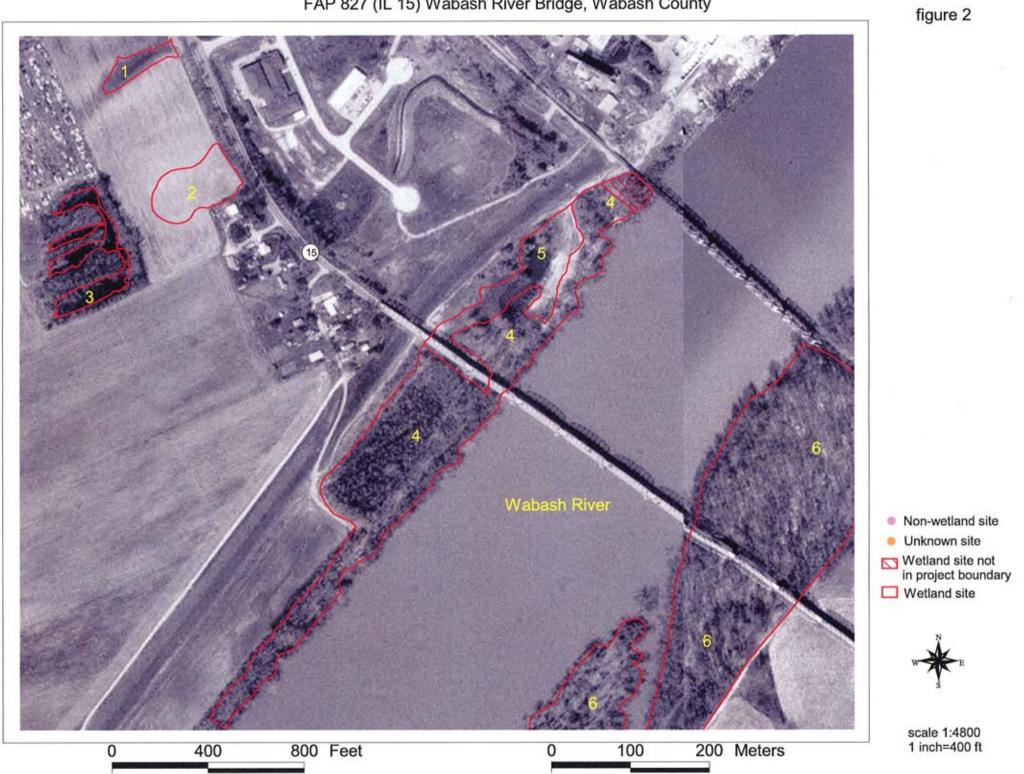
Several plant species of special concern in Indiana were found within the project corridor (Indiana Department of Natural Resources 1996). Catalpa (Catalpa speciosa) was found at three wetland sites (14, 20 and 23), as well as two non-wetland areas within the project corridor. Catalpa is listed as rare (S2, imperiled in state) in Indiana. Green hawthorn (Crataegus viridis) was found in two wetland sites (7 and 14), as well as one non-wetland site within the project corridor. This small tree is listed as state threatened (S2, imperiled in state) in Indiana. Short-point flatsedge (Cyperus acuminatus) was found at two wetland sites (12 and 21). This inconspicuous species is listed as state endangered (S1, critically imperiled in state) in Indiana. Numerous plants of large buttonweed (Diodia virginiana) were found at one wetland site (22). This species is listed as state threatened (S2, imperiled in state) in Indiana. No plants of special concern were found within the project corridor in Illinois.

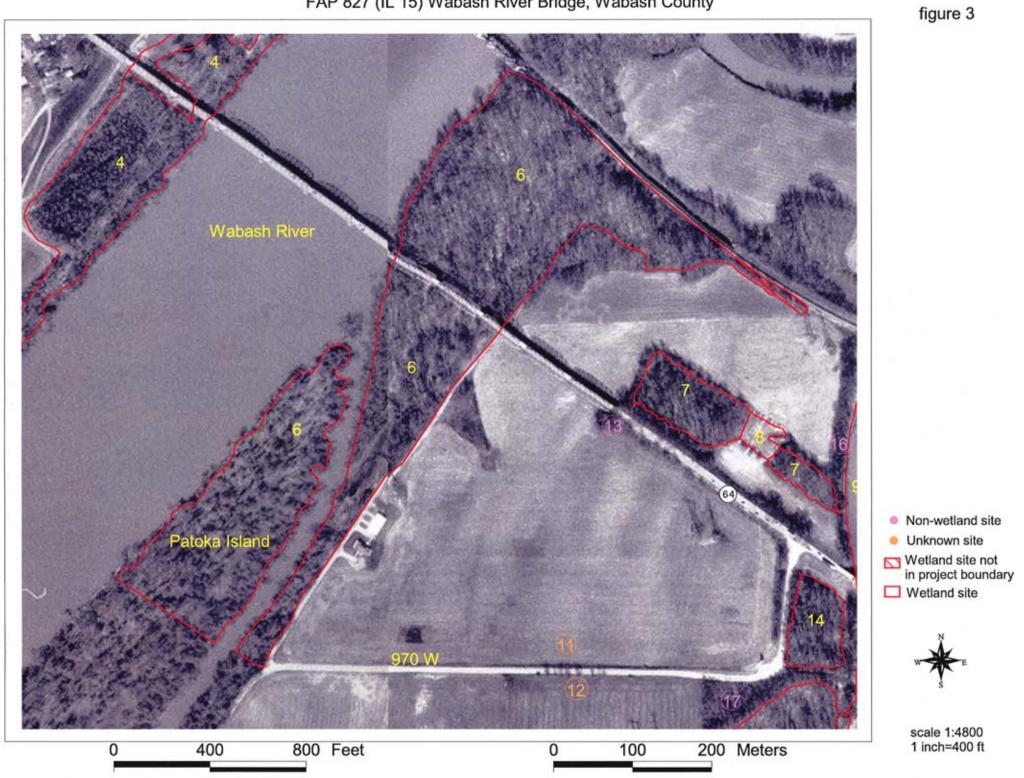
### Wetland Site Summaries

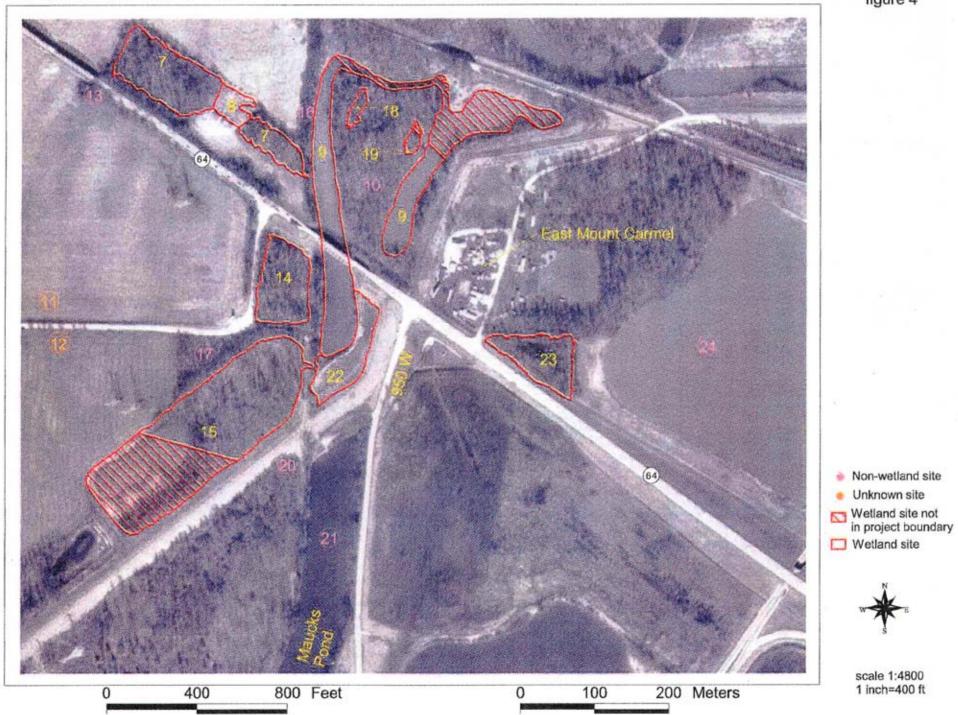
Site 1: This wet meadow is located approximately 18.3 m (60 ft) southwest of FAP 827 and 585 m (1920 ft) northwest of the Wabash River (Figures 1 and 2). Based on the presence of dominant hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology, we determined that this site is a wetland. This site is approximately 0.2 ha (0.6 acre) in size and is entirely within the project corridor. This wet meadow provides floodwater storage and wildlife habitat of fairly good quality, and traps sediment originating from the adjacent agricultural field. The National Wetlands Inventory (NWI) does not code this site as a wetland. The FQI for the site is 17.7 and the mean C value is 2.3. These values are indicative of fair natural quality. This narrow site is surrounded on three sides by cropland.

Site 2: This farmed wetland is located approximately 18.3 m (60 ft) southwest of FAP 827 and 427 m (1400 ft) northwest of the Wabash River (Figures 1 and 2). This cropped site is coded as Farmed Wetland by the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Hydric soils and wetland hydrology are present, but dominant hydrophytic vegetation is absent under the current management conditions. This site is approximately 0.6 ha (1.6 acre) in size and is entirely within the project corridor. This farmed wetland provides floodwater storage. The NWI codes this site as PEMAf (farmed, temporarily flooded, emergent palustrine wetland). The FQI and the mean C value were not determined because no natural vegetation occurs on this site. The entire site was planted in corn on the day of the field survey.

Site 3: This pond is located approximately 183 m (600 ft) southwest of FAP 827 and 457 m (1500 ft) northwest of the Wabash River (Figures 1 and 2). Based on the presence of dominant hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology, we determined that this site is a wetland. This site is approximately 0.6 ha (1.4 acre) in size and is entirely within the project corridor. This pond provides floodwater storage and wildlife habitat of fair quality. The NWI does not code this site as a wetland. The FQI for the site is 7.9 and the mean C value is 2.5. These values are indicative of poor natural quality. This excavated pond is located







within a forested area of poor quality. Debris from the adjacent junkyard is present in both the pond and the surrounding forest.

Site 4: This wet floodplain forest is located immediately northeast and southwest of FAP 827, directly adjacent to the Wabash River (Figures 1 and 2). Based on the presence of dominant hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology, we determined that this site is a wetland. This site is approximately 4.9 ha (12.2 acres) in size within the project corridor and extends outside of the corridor an undetermined distance. This wet floodplain forest provides floodwater storage, stream bank stabilization, and wildlife habitat of fairly good quality. The NWI codes this site as PEM/FO1A (temporarily flooded, emergent/broad-leaved deciduous, forested palustrine wetland) and PFO1A (temporarily flooded, broad-leaved deciduous, forested palustrine wetland). The FQI for the site is 17.6 and the mean C value is 2.3. These values are indicative of fair natural quality.

Site 5: This wet meadow is located immediately beneath to northeast of the existing bridge on FAP 827, 24 m (80 ft) northwest of the Wabash River (Figures 1 and 2). Based on the presence of dominant hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology, we determined that this site is a wetland. This site is approximately 1.2 ha (3.0 acres) in size and is entirely within the project corridor. This wet meadow provides floodwater storage and wildlife habitat of fair quality. The NWI codes this site as PEM/FO1A (temporarily flooded, emergent/broad-leaved deciduous, forested palustrine wetland). The FQI for the site is 8.9 and the mean C value is 1.7. These values are indicative of poor natural quality. This site is dominated by herbaceous species, although a few scattered trees are present.

Site 6: This wet floodplain forest is located immediately northeast and southwest of Indiana Route 64, directly adjacent to the Wabash River (Figures 1 and 3). Included within this site is the north part of Patoka Island. Based on the presence of dominant hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology, we determined that this site is a wetland. This site is approximately 13.9 ha (34.3 acres) in size within the project corridor and extends outside of the corridor an undetermined distance. This wet floodplain forest provides floodwater storage, stream bank stabilization, and wildlife habitat of good quality. The NWI codes this site as PFO1A (temporarily flooded, broad-leaved deciduous, forested palustrine wetland). The FQI for the site is 19.7 and the mean C value is 2.9. These values are indicative of fair natural quality.

Site 7: This wet floodplain forest is located approximately 21.3 m (70 ft) northeast of Indiana Route 64 and 353 m (1160 ft) southeast of the Wabash River (Figures 1 and 3). This site includes two distinct areas, separated by Site 8. Based on the presence of dominant hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology, we determined that this site is a wetland. This site is approximately 1.2 ha (3.1 acres) in size and is entirely within the project corridor. The west section of this site is approximately 0.9 ha (2.3 acres) in size, and the east section is 0.3 ha (0.7 acre) in size. This wet floodplain forest provides floodwater storage and wildlife habitat of good quality. The NWI codes this site as PFO1A (temporarily flooded, broad-leaved deciduous, forested palustrine wetland). The FQI for the site is 18.1 and the mean C value is 2.7. These values are indicative of fair natural quality. A single individual of green hawthorn (*Crataegus viridis*) was found in the west section of this site. This small tree is listed as state threatened (S2, imperiled in state) in Indiana.

Site 8: This wet meadow is located approximately 54.9 m (180 ft) northeast of Indiana Route 64 and 500 m (1640 ft) southeast of the Wabash River (Figures 1 and 3). Based on the presence of dominant hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology, we determined that this site is a wetland. This site is approximately 0.2 ha (0.5 acre) in size and is entirely within the project corridor. This wet meadow provides floodwater storage and wildlife habitat of fair quality. The NWI codes this site as PUBG (intermittently exposed, palustrine

wetland with an unconsolidated bottom). The FQI for the site is 7.8 and the mean C value is 2.3. These values are indicative of poor natural quality. This site of low diversity is beneath a power line and its vegetation probably is periodically treated with herbicide.

Site 9: This pond is located immediately north and south (and directly under a bridge) of Indiana Route 64 and 567 m (1860 ft) southeast of the Wabash River (Figures 1 and 4). Based on the presence of dominant hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology, we determined that this site is a wetland. This site is approximately 2.6 ha (6.3 acres) in size, with approximately 1.7 ha (4.2 acres) within the project corridor. This pond provides floodwater storage and wildlife habitat of good quality. The NWI codes this site as PUBG (intermittently exposed, palustrine wetland with an unconsolidated bottom). The FQI for the site is 10.4 and the mean C value is 2.5. These values are indicative of fair natural quality. This excavated pond probably is permanently inundated. Although much open water is present, a zone of buttonbush (Cephalanthus occidentalis) is present around the perimeter, at least on the west side of the pond.

Site 10: This floodplain forest is located approximately 18.3 m (60 ft) northeast of Indiana Route 64 and 610 m (2000 ft) southeast of the Wabash River (Figures 1 and 4). Although dominant hydrophytic vegetation is present, hydric soils and wetland hydrology are absent. Therefore, we determined that this site is not a wetland. This floodplain forest provides floodwater storage (of short duration only) and wildlife habitat of good quality. The NWI codes this site as PFO1A (temporarily flooded, broad-leaved deciduous, forested, palustrine wetland). The FQI for the site is 21.0 and the mean C value is 3.1. These values are indicative of good natural quality, and this site can be considered an environmental asset.

Site 11: This cropland is located approximately 4.6 m (15 ft) north of 970 W and 232 m (760 ft) southwest of Indiana Route 64 (Figures 1 and 4). The final determination for this cropped site remains unknown, pending a determination from the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Personnel from the local NRCS office were unable to supply a determination at this time. Although dominant hydrophytic vegetation is present and wetland hydrology may be present, we were unable to find indicators of hydric soils. However, we nevertheless believe that this site is probably a wetland. This cropland provides floodwater storage and wildlife habitat of poor quality. The NWI codes this site as PEMA (temporarily flooded, emergent, palustrine wetland). The FQI for the site is 4.4 and the mean C value is 1.4. These values are indicative of very poor natural quality. This cropped site was recently treated with herbicide. Most of the plants, although readily identifiable, had recently died. Although very few live plants were present at the time of the field survey, we were able to determine that the vegetation was hydrophytic before herbicide treatment.

Site 12: This cropland is located approximately 5.5 m (18 ft) south of 970 W and 305 m (1000 ft) southwest of Indiana Route 64 (Figures 1 and 4). The final determination for this cropped site remains unknown, pending a determination from the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Personnel from the local NRCS office were unable to supply a determination at this time. Although dominant hydrophytic vegetation is present and wetland hydrology may be present, we were unable to find indicators of hydric soils. However, we nevertheless believe that this site is probably a wetland. This cropland provides floodwater storage and wildlife habitat of poor quality. The NWI codes this site as PEMA (temporarily flooded, emergent, palustrine wetland). The FQI for the site is 5.9 and the mean C value is 1.2. These values are indicative of poor natural quality. Short-point flatsedge (Cyperus acuminatus) was found at this site. This inconspicuous species is listed as state endangered (S1, critically imperiled in state) in Indiana.

Site 13: This floodplain forest is located approximately 12.2 m (40 ft) southwest of Indiana Route 64 and 323 m (1060 ft) southeast of the Wabash River (Figures 1 and 4). Dominant

hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils, and wetland hydrology are all absent. This site meets none of the wetland criteria, and therefore, we determined that it is not a wetland. This floodplain forest provides floodwater storage (of short duration only) and wildlife habitat of poor quality. The NWI does not code this site as a wetland. The FQI for the site is 12.6 and the mean C value is 2.3. These values are indicative of fair natural quality. This site is partially covered with fill material.

Site 14: This wet floodplain forest is located approximately 4.6 m (15 ft) east of 970 W and 24.4 m (80 ft) southwest of Indiana Route 64 (Figures 1 and 4). Based on the presence of dominant hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology, we determined that this site is a wetland. This site is approximately 0.7 ha (1.7 acres) in size and is entirely within the project corridor. This wet floodplain forest provides floodwater storage and wildlife habitat of good quality. The NWI does not code this site as a wetland. The FQI for the site is 19.7 and the mean C value is 2.9. These values are indicative of fair natural quality. A single individual of green hawthorn (*Crataegus viridis*) was found at this site. This small tree is listed as state threatened (S2, imperiled in state) in Indiana. A single catalpa (*Catalpa speciosa*), approximately 0.8 m (2.5 ft) tall, was also found at this site. Catalpa is listed as rare (S2, imperiled in state) in Indiana.

Site 15: This wet floodplain forest is located approximately 30.5 m (100 ft) south of 970 W and 128 m (420 ft) southwest of Indiana Route 64 (Figures 1 and 4). Based on the presence of dominant hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology, we determined that this site is a wetland. This excavated site is approximately 3.5 ha (8.6 acres) in size, with approximately 2.0 ha (4.9 acres) within the project corridor. This wet floodplain forest provides floodwater storage and wildlife habitat of good quality. The NWI codes this site as PSS1C (seasonally flooded, broad-leaved deciduous, scrub-shrub, palustrine wetland) and PUBGx (excavated, intermittently exposed, palustrine wetland with an unconsolidated bottom). The FQI for the site is 13.5 and the mean C value is 2.5. These values are indicative of fair natural quality.

Site 16: This floodplain forest is located approximately 12.2 m (40 ft) northeast of Indiana Route 64 and 549 m (1800 ft) southeast of the Wabash River (Figures 1 and 4). Although dominant hydrophytic vegetation is present, hydric soils and wetland hydrology are absent. Therefore, we determined that this site is not a wetland. This floodplain forest provides floodwater storage (of short duration only) and wildlife habitat of fair quality. The NWI codes this site as PFO1A (temporarily flooded, broad-leaved deciduous, forested palustrine wetland). The FQI for the site is 23.0 and the mean C value is 3.3. These values are indicative of good natural quality, and this site can be considered an environmental asset. This site is a narrow strip of forest between a crop field and a pond (Site 9). Several of the trees are quite large, and are probably more than 75 years old.

Site 17: This floodplain forest is located approximately 3.0 m (10 ft) south of 970 W and 171 m (560 ft) northwest of Maucks Pond (Figures 1 and 4). Although dominant hydrophytic vegetation is present, hydric soils and wetland hydrology are absent. Therefore, we determined that this site is not a wetland. This floodplain forest provides floodwater storage (of short duration only) and wildlife habitat of fair quality. The NWI does not code this site as a wetland. The FQI for the site is 16.7 and the mean C value is 2.9. These values are indicative of fair natural quality.

Site 18: This wet floodplain forest is located approximately 140 m (460 ft) northeast of Indiana Route 64 and 646 m (2120 ft) southeast of the Wabash River (Figures 1 and 4). Based on the presence of dominant hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology, we determined that this site is a wetland. This site is approximately 0.07 ha (0.2 acre) in size and is entirely within the project corridor. This wet floodplain forest provides floodwater storage

and wildlife habitat of good quality. The NWI codes this site as PFO1A (temporarily flooded, broad-leaved deciduous, forested, palustrine wetland). The FQI for the site is 15.7 and the mean C value is 3.5. These values are indicative of fair natural quality.

Site 19: This wet floodplain forest is located approximately 162 m (530 ft) northeast of Indiana Route 64 and 723 m (2400 ft) southeast of the Wabash River (Figures 1 and 4). Based on the presence of dominant hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology, we determined that this site is a wetland. This site is approximately 0.06 ha (0.16 acre) in size, with approximately 0.05 ha (0.13 acre) within the project corridor. This wet floodplain forest provides floodwater storage and wildlife habitat of good quality. The NWI codes this site as PFO1A (temporarily flooded, broad-leaved deciduous, forested, palustrine wetland). The FQI for the site is 17.4 and the mean C value is 3.5. These values are indicative of fair natural quality.

Site 20: This floodplain forest is located approximately 250 m (820 ft) southwest of Indiana Route 64 and 12.2 m (40 ft) west of Maucks Pond (Figures 1 and 4). Although dominant hydrophytic vegetation is present, hydric soils and wetland hydrology are absent. Therefore, we determined that this site is not a wetland. This floodplain forest provides floodwater storage (of short duration only) and wildlife habitat of good quality. The NWI codes this site as PSS1A (temporarily flooded, broad-leaved deciduous, scrub-shrub palustrine wetland). The FQI for the site is 21.3 and the mean C value is 3.0. These values are indicative of good natural quality, and this site can be considered an environmental asset. This site is barely within the project corridor, and it seems unlikely that it will be impacted by the proposed construction activities. A wetland occurs to the south of this site, just outside of the project corridor. At least twenty individuals of catalpa (*Catalpa speciosa*) occur at this site, within the project corridor. More plants are probably present outside of the project corridor. Catalpa is listed as rare (S2, imperiled in state) in Indiana.

Site 21: This site is Maucks Pond, located approximately 168 m (550 ft) southwest of Indiana Route 64 and 9.1 m (30 ft) west of 950 W (Figures 1 and 4). This excavated pond is a deepwater aquatic habitat. Although this permanently inundated area is probably less than 6.6 ft mean annual depth, dominant hydrophytic vegetation and soils which support rooted emergent or woody plants are not present. Therefore, we determined that this site is not a wetland. This pond provides floodwater storage and wildlife habitat of good quality. The NWI codes this site as L1UBH (permanently flooded, limnetic, lacustrine system with an unconsolidated bottom). The FQI for the site is 12.8 and the mean C value is 2.4. These values are indicative of fair natural quality. Short-point flatsedge (*Cyperus acuminatus*) was found at this site. This species is listed as state endangered (S1, critically imperiled in state) in Indiana. Two individuals of catalpa (*Catalpa speciosa*) occur along the east shore, outside of the wetland site, but within the project corridor. Catalpa is listed as rare (S2, imperiled in state) in Indiana. In addition, a single shrub of green hawthorn (*Crataegus viridis*) was found near this pond, outside of the wetland site, but within the project corridor. Green hawthorn is listed as state threatened (S2, imperiled in state) in Indiana.

Site 22: This wet meadow is located approximately 21.3 m (70 ft) southwest of Indiana Route 64 and 36.6 m (120 ft) west of 950 W (Figures 1 and 4). Based on the presence of dominant hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology, we determined that this site is a wetland. This site is approximately 0.5 ha (1.2 acre) in size and is entirely within the project corridor. This wet meadow provides floodwater storage and wildlife habitat of good quality. The NWI codes this site as PEMA (temporarily flooded, emergent, palustrine wetland). The FQI for the site is 21.0 and the mean C value is 2.8. These values are indicative of good natural quality, and this site can be considered an environmental asset. Numerous plants of large buttonweed (*Diodia virginiana*) were found at this site. This species is listed as state

threatened (S2, imperiled in state) in Indiana. The plants form mats along the levee at the margin of the wetland.

Site 23: This wet floodplain forest is located approximately 13.7 m (45 ft) northeast of Indiana Route 64 and 9.1 m (30 ft) east of 950 W (Figures 1 and 4). Based on the presence of dominant hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils and wetland hydrology, we determined that this site is a wetland. This site is approximately 0.6 ha (1.4 acre) in size and is entirely within the project corridor. This wet floodplain forest provides floodwater storage and wildlife habitat of good quality. The NWI codes this site as PFO1A (temporarily flooded, broad-leaved deciduous, forested palustrine wetland). The FQI for the site is 18.0 and the mean C value is 3.1. These values are indicative of fair natural quality. Two individuals of catalpa (Catalpa speciosa) were found at this site. Both were trees of reproductive size. Several more were found just outside the boundaries of this site, but still within the project corridor. Catalpa is listed as rare (S2, imperiled in state) in Indiana.

Site 24: This pond is located approximately 41.1 m (135 ft) northeast of Indiana Route 64 and 152 m (500 ft) east of 950 W (Figures 1 and 4). This excavated site is a deepwater aquatic habitat that is permanently inundated at mean water depths of > 6.6 feet. Dominant hydrophytic vegetation and soils which support rooted emergent or woody plants are not present. Therefore, we determined that this site is not a wetland. This pond provides floodwater storage and wildlife habitat of fair quality. The NWI codes this site as PUBGx (excavated, intermittently exposed, palustrine wetland with an unconsolidated bottom). The FQI for the site is 9.0 and the mean C value is 1.8. These values are indicative of poor natural quality.

### Literature Cited

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# Appendix 1

Site 1 (page 1 of 5)

Field Investigators: Ketzner, Keene & Wilm Date: 21 July 2004 Project Name: FAP 827 (IL 15) - New Crossing of the Wabash River

State: Illinois County: Wabash

Applicant: IDOT District 7 Site Name: Wet Meadow

Legal Description: SW 1/4, NE 1/4, SE 1/4, NE 1/4, Sec. 29, T1S, R12W

Location: Approximately 18.3 m (60 ft) southwest of FAP 827 and 585 m (1920 ft)

northwest of the Wabash River

Do normal environmental conditions exist at this site? Yes: X No: Has the vegetation, soils, or hydrology been significantly disturbed? Yes: No: X

### **VEGETATION**

Dominant Plant Species	<b>Indicator Status</b>	Stratum
1. Boltonia asteroides	FACW	herb
2. Echinochloa muricata	OBL	herb
3. Glyceria striata	OBL	herb
4. Iva annua	FAC	herb

Percentage of dominant species that are OBL, FACW, FAC+, or FAC: 100%

Hydrophytic vegetation: Yes: X No:

Rationale: More than 50% of the dominants are OBL, FACW, FAC+ or

FAC.

#### SOILS

Series and phase: Birds silt loam

On Wabash County hydric soils list? Yes: X No:

Is the soil a histosol? Yes: No: X

Histic epipedon present? Yes: No: X

Redox concentrations: Yes: X No: Redox depletions: Yes: X No:

Matrix color: 10YR 5/1

Other indicators: This soil is found in a depressional area.

Hydric soils: Yes: X No:

Rationale: The Natural Resources Conservation Service classifies Birds

silt loam as having aquic conditions. This soil has iron masses, an iron depleted matrix, and is found in a low-lying area. These characteristics are evidence of a hydric soil.

Site 1 (page 2 of 5)

Field Investigators: Ketzner, Keene & Wilm Date: 21 July 2004 Project Name: FAP 827 (IL 15) - New Crossing of the Wabash River

State: Illinois County: Wabash

Applicant: IDOT District 7 Site Name: Wet Meadow

Legal Description: SW 1/4, NE 1/4, SE 1/4, NE 1/4, Sec. 29, T1S, R12W

Location: Approximately 18.3 m (60 ft) southwest of FAP 827 and 585 m (1920 ft)

northwest of the Wabash River

#### HYDROLOGY

Inundated? Yes: X (in part) No: Depth of standing water: to 0.1 m (4 in)

Depth to saturated soil: at surface

Overview of hydrological flow through the system: This site receives water through precipitation, sheet flow from higher ground, and from overflow of an adjacent ditch. Although this site is within the floodplain of the Wabash River, it is currently protected from overbank flooding by a levee. Water leaves the site via evapotranspiration.

Size of watershed:  $< 2.6 \text{ km}^2 (1 \text{ mi}^2)$ 

Other field evidence observed: This site is lower than surrounding ground. Water-borne sediment deposits were observed at this site.

Wetland hydrology: Yes: X No:

Rationale: The visual observation of inundation and saturation, the

relatively low topography, and other field evidence indicate that wetland hydrology is present. The adjacent ditch does not appear to effectively drain this site. In our opinion, this site is flooded or saturated long enough to meet the wetland hydrology

criterion.

### **DETERMINATION AND RATIONALE:**

Is the site a wetland?

Yes: X No:

Rationale for decision: Dominant hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils, and wetland hydrology are all present.

This site meets all of the wetland criteria.

The NWI does not code this site as a

wetland.

Determined by: David Ketzner and Brian Wilm (vegetation and hydrology)

Dennis Keene (soils and hydrology) Illinois Natural History Survey Center for Wildlife and Plant Ecology

Site 1 (page 3 of 5)

Field Investigators: Ketzner, Keene & Wilm **Date: 21 July 2004** Project Name: FAP 827 (IL 15) - New Crossing of the Wabash River

State: Illinois

County: Wabash
Site Name: Wet Meadow **Applicant:** IDOT District 7

Legal Description: SW 1/4, NE 1/4, SE 1/4, NE 1/4, Sec. 29, T1S, R12W

Location: Approximately 18.3 m (60 ft) southwest of FAP 827 and 585 m (1920 ft)

northwest of the Wabash River

#### SPECIES LIST

Scientific name	Common name	Stratum	Wetland indicator status	C*
A salamba ab omboidas	three-seeded mercury	herb	FACU	0
Acalypha rhomboidea	box elder	shrub	FACW-	1
Acer negundo	silver maple	sapling, shrub	FACW	1
Acer saccharinum	broad-leaf water-plantain	herb	OBL	2
Alisma plantago-aquatica	field garlic	herb	FACU	**
Allium vineale Amaranthus tuberculatus	tall waterhemp	herb	OBL	1
	common ragweed	herb	FACU	0
Ambrosia artemisiifolia	long-leaved ammannia	herb	OBL	5
Ammannia coccinea	swamp milkweed	herb	OBL	4
Asclepias incarnata	common beggar-ticks	herb	FACW	1
Bidens frondosa	false nettle	herb	OBL	3
Boehmeria cylindrica	false aster	herb	FACW	5
Boltonia asteroides		herb	UPL	**
Bromus commutatus	hairy brome	herb	OBL	4
Carex frankii	sedge	herb	FACW+	3
Carex tribuloides	sedge fox sedge	herb	OBL	3
Carex vulpinoidea		shrub	FAC-	3 .
Celtis occidentalis	hackberry buttonbush	shrub	OBL	4
Cephalanthus occidentalis	= -	herb	FACU-	0
Chamaesyce maculata	nodding spurge	herb	FAC	**
Commelina communis	common day flower	herb	FAC-	0
Conyza canadensis	horseweed	shrub	FAC	2
Cornus drummondii	rough-leaved dogwood	herb	OBL	2
Cyperus acuminatus	short-point flatsedge	herb	FACW	0
Cyperus esculentus	yellow nut-sedge		OBL	ő
Echinochloa muricata	barnyard grass	herb herb	FACW TACK	2
Eclipta prostrata	yerba de tajo	•	OBL	2
Eleocharis obtusa	spike rush	herb	FACW-	4
Elymus virginicus	Virginia wild rye	herb	OBL	3
Epilobium coloratum	cinnamon willow herb	herb		1
Erigeron annuus	annual fleabane	herb	FAC- FAC+	1
Eupatorium serotinum	late boneset	herb	FAC+ FACU-	**
Festuca pratensis	meadow fescue	herb		2
Fraxinus pennsylvanica	green ash	sapling, shrub	FACW	2 4
Glyceria striata	fowl manna grass	herb	OBL	•
Hordeum pusillum	little barley	herb	FAC	0

Site 1 (page 4 of 5)

Field Investigators: Ketzner, Keene & Wilm Date: 21 July 2004 Project Name: FAP 827 (IL 15) - New Crossing of the Wabash River

State: Illinois County: Wabash

Applicant: IDOT District 7 Site Name: Wet Meadow

Legal Description: SW 1/4, NE 1/4, SE 1/4, NE 1/4, Sec. 29, T1S, R12W

Location: Approximately 18.3 m (60 ft) southwest of FAP 827 and 585 m (1920 ft)

northwest of the Wabash River

### SPECIES LIST (continued)

Scientific name	Common name	Stratum	Wetland indicator status	C*
Ipomoea lacunosa	white morning-glory	herb	 FACW	1
4	marsh elder	herb	FAC	0
Iva annua	Torrey's rush	herb	FACW	3
Juncus torreyi Leucospora multifida	leucospora	herb	FACW+	3
Leucospora mangaa Lindernia dubia	false pimpernel	herb	OBL	5
Lobelia cardinalis	cardinal-flower	herb	OBL	6
Lobelia siphilitica	blue cardinal-flower	herb	FACW+	4
Lovena sipnumca Lonicera japonica	Japanese honeysuckle	woody vine	FACU	**
Lonicera japonica Ludwigia palustris	marsh purslane	herb	OBL	4
Luawigia paiusiris Lycopus americanus	common water horehound		OBL	3
Mimulus alatus	winged monkey flower	herb	OBL	6
Morus alba	white mulberry	shrub	FAC	**
Oenothera biennis	evening primrose	herb	FACU	1
Penthorum sedoides	ditch stonecrop	herb	OBL	2
Phragmites australis	common reed	herb	FACW+	**
Phyla lanceolata	fog-fruit	herb	OBL	1
Physalis subglabrata	smooth ground cherry	herb	UPL	0
Polygonum persicaria	spotted lady's thumb	herb	FACW	**
Polygonum punctatum	dotted smartweed	herb	OBL	3
Polygonum scandens	climbing buckwheat	herb	FAC	2
Populus deltoides	eastern cottonwood	shrub	FAC+	2
Pyrus calleryana	Bradford pear	shrub	UPL	**
Rorippa sessiliflora	sessile-flowered cress	herb	OBL	3
Rubus sp.	blackberry	shrub		_
Rumex crispus	curly dock	herb	FAC+	**
Salix nigra	black willow	sapling, shrub	OBL	3
Samolus valerandii	brookweed	herb	OBL	5
Senecio glabellus	butterweed	herb	OBL	0
Solidago canadensis	Canada goldenrod	herb	FACU	1
Sorghum halepense	Johnson grass .	herb	FACU	**
Toxicodendron radicans	poison ivy	herb	FAC+	1
Trifolium hybridum	alsike clover	herb	FAC-	**
Typha angustifolia	narrow-leaved cattail	herb	OBL	**
Typha latifolia	cattail	herb	OBL	1
Ulmus americana	American elm	shrub, herb	FACW-	. 5 .

Site 1 (page 5 of 5)

Field Investigators: Ketzner, Keene & Wilm Date: 21 July 2004 Project Name: FAP 827 (IL 15) - New Crossing of the Wabash River

County: Wabash State: Illinois

Applicant: IDOT District 7 Site Name: Wet Meadow

Legal Description: SW 1/4, NE 1/4, SE 1/4, NE 1/4, Sec. 29, T1S, R12W Location: Approximately 18.3 m (60 ft) southwest of FAP 827 and 585 m (1920 ft)

northwest of the Wabash River

### SPECIES LIST (continued)

Scientific name	Common name	Stratum	Wetland indicator status	C*
			EACWA	3
Verbena hastata	blue vervain	herb	FACW+ FACW-	4
Vitis cinerea	winter grape	woody vine woody vine	FACW-	2
Vitis riparia Xanthium strumarium	riverbank grape cockle bur	herb	FAC	0

<sup>\*</sup>Coefficient of Conservatism (Taft et al. 1997)

\*\*Non-native species

 $FQI = R/\sqrt{N} = 137/\sqrt{60} = 17.7$ mCv = R/N = 137/60 = 2.3

Site 2 (page 1 of 2)

Field Investigators: Ketzner, Keene & Wilm **Date:** 21 July 2004 Project Name: FAP 827 (IL 15) - New Crossing of the Wabash River

County: Wabash State: Illinois

Site Name: Farmed Wetland **Applicant:** IDOT District 7 Legal Description: SE 1/4, SE 1/4, NE 1/4, Sec. 29, T1S, R12W

Location: Approximately 18.3 m (60 ft) southwest of FAP 827 and 427 m (1400 ft)

northwest of the Wabash River

Do normal environmental conditions exist at this site? No: Yes: X Has the vegetation, soils, or hydrology been significantly disturbed? Yes: X No: Comments: This site is farmed and is planted in row crops. The native vegetation on the site has been destroyed.

#### **VEGETATION**

Stratum **Indicator Status Dominant Plant Species** herb UPL1. Zea mays (planted)

Percentage of dominant species that are OBL, FACW, FAC+, or FAC: 0%

No: X Hydrophytic vegetation: Yes:

Rationale: Less than 50% of the dominants are OBL, FACW, FAC+ or

FAC.

#### SOILS

Series and phase: Birds silt loam

No: Yes: X On Wabash County hydric soils list?

Histic epipedon present? Yes: Yes: No: X Is the soil a histosol?

Redox depletions: Yes: X No: Redox concentrations: Yes: X No:

Matrix color: N 4/

Other indicators: This soil is found in a depressional area.

Hydric soils: Yes: X No:

Rationale: The Natural Resources Conservation Service classifies Birds

silt loam as having aquic conditions. This soil has iron masses, an iron depleted matrix, and is found in a low-lying area. These characteristics are evidence of a hydric soil.

Site 2 (page 2 of 2)

Field Investigators: Ketzner, Keene & Wilm Date: 21 July 2004 Project Name: FAP 827 (IL 15) - New Crossing of the Wabash River

State: Illinois County: Wabash

Applicant: IDOT District 7 Site Name: Farmed Wetland Legal Description: SE 1/4, SE 1/4, NE 1/4, Sec. 29, T1S, R12W

Location: Approximately 18.3 m (60 ft) southwest of FAP 827 and 427 m (1400 ft)

northwest of the Wabash River

#### **HYDROLOGY**

Inundated? Yes: No: X Depth of standing water: NA

Depth to saturated soil: > 1 m (40 inches)

Overview of hydrological flow through the system: This site receives water through precipitation and sheet flow from higher ground, and may also receive some overflow from an adjacent ditch. Although this site is within the floodplain of the Wabash River, it is currently protected from overbank flooding by a levee. Water leaves the site via evapotranspiration.

Size of watershed:  $< 2.6 \text{ km}^2 (1 \text{ mi}^2)$ 

Other field evidence observed: This site is lower than surrounding ground and appears to be saturated on an aerial photograph provided by the IDOT.

Wetland hydrology: Yes: X No

Rationale: Although this site no longer receives flooding from the

Wabash River, the relatively low topography and other evidence indicate that wetland hydrology is probably still present. In our opinion, this site is flooded or saturated long

enough to meet the wetland hydrology criterion.

### DETERMINATION AND RATIONALE:

Is the site a wetland?

Yes: X No:

Rationale for decision: This cropped site is coded as Farmed Wetland by the Natural Resources

Conservation Service. The NWI codes this site as PEMAf (farmed, temporarily flooded,

emergent palustrine wetland).

Determined by: David Ketzner and Brian Wilm (vegetation and hydrology)

Dennis Keene (soils and hydrology) Illinois Natural History Survey Center for Wildlife and Plant Ecology

Site 3 (page 1 of 3)

Field Investigators: Ketzner, Keene & Wilm Date: 21 July 2004 Project Name: FAP 827 (IL 15) - New Crossing of the Wabash River

State: Illinois County: Wabash

Applicant: IDOT District 7 Site Name: Pond

Legal Description: E 1/4, Sec. 29, T1S, R12W

Location: Approximately 183 m (600 ft) southwest of FAP 827 and 457 m (1500 ft)

northwest of the Wabash River

Do normal environmental conditions exist at this site? Yes: X No: Has the vegetation, soils, or hydrology been significantly disturbed? Yes: X No: X

### VEGETATION

Dominant Plant Species	Indicator Status	Stratum
1. Populus deltoides	FAC+	tree
2. Salix nigra	OBL	tree
3. Lemna minor	OBL	herb

Percentage of dominant species that are OBL, FACW, FAC+, or FAC: 100%

Hydrophytic vegetation: Yes: X No:

Rationale: More than 50% of the dominants are OBL, FACW, FAC+ or

FAC.

#### **SOILS**

Series and phase: Undetermined (excavated)

On Wabash County hydric soils list?: Yes: No: X

Is the soil a histosol? Yes: No: X

Histic epipedon present? Yes: No: X

Redox concentrations: Yes: No: Undetermined: X Redox depletions: Yes: No: Undetermined: X

Matrix color: NA

Other hydric soil indicators: Soil is saturated.

Hydric soils: Yes: X No:

Rationale: This site was excavated for a pond. This soil is ponded for a

long duration or a very long duration during the growing season. This characteristic is evidence of a hydric soil.

Site 3 (page 2 of 3)

Date: 21 July 2004 Field Investigators: Ketzner, Keene & Wilm Project Name: FAP 827 (IL 15) - New Crossing of the Wabash River

County: Wabash State: Illinois

Applicant: IDOT District 7 Site Name: Pond

Legal Description: E 1/4, Sec. 29, T1S, R12W

Location: Approximately 183 m (600 ft) southwest of FAP 827 and 457 m (1500 ft)

northwest of the Wabash River

#### **HYDROLOGY**

Depth of standing water: to approximately 1.2 m (4 ft) Yes: X No: Inundated?

Depth to saturated soil: at surface

Overview of hydrological flow through the system: This site receives water through precipitation, sheet flow from higher ground, and from a ditch that empties into it. Although this site is within the floodplain of the Wabash River, it is currently protected from overbank flooding by a levee. Water leaves the site via evapotranspiration.

Size of watershed:  $< 2.6 \text{ km}^2 (1 \text{ mi}^2)$ 

Other field evidence observed: This excavated site is lower than surrounding ground.

No: Wetland hydrology: Yes: X

The visual observation of inundation and saturation and the Rationale:

relatively low topography indicate that wetland hydrology is present. In our opinion, this site is flooded or saturated long

enough to meet the wetland hydrology criterion.

### DETERMINATION AND RATIONALE:

Is the site a wetland? Rationale for decision: Yes: X No:

Dominant hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils, and wetland hydrology are all present. This site meets all of the wetland criteria.

The NWI does not code this site as a

wetland.

Determined by: David Ketzner and Brian Wilm (vegetation and hydrology)

Dennis Keene (soils and hydrology) Illinois Natural History Survey

Center for Wildlife and Plant Ecology

Site 3 (page 3 of 3)

Field Investigators: Ketzner, Keene & Wilm Date: 21 July 2004 Project Name: FAP 827 (IL 15) - New Crossing of the Wabash River

State: Illinois

County: Wabash
Site Name: Pond Applicant: IDOT District 7

Legal Description: E 1/4, Sec. 29, T1S, R12W

Location: Approximately 183 m (600 ft) southwest of FAP 827 and 457 m (1500 ft)

northwest of the Wabash River

### SPECIES LIST

Scientific name	Common name	Stratum	Wetland indicator status	C*
Acer saccharinum Betula nigra Bidens frondosa Campsis radicans Cephalanthus occidentalis Fraxinus pennsylvanica Lemna minor Platanus occidentalis Polygonum cespitosum Populus deltoides Salix nigra	silver maple river birch common beggar-ticks trumpet creeper buttonbush green ash common duckweed sycamore creeping smartweed eastern cottonwood black willow	tree, shrub tree herb woody vine shrub tree, shrub herb tree herb tree tree	FACW FACW FAC FAC OBL FACW OBL FACW UPL FAC+ OBL	1 4 1 2 4 2 3 3 **

<sup>\*</sup>Coefficient of Conservatism (Taft et al. 1997)

\*\*Non-native species

 $FQI = R/\sqrt{N} = 25/\sqrt{10} = 7.9$ mCv = R/N = 25/10 = 2.5

Site 4 (page 1 of 5)

Field Investigators: Ketzner, Keene & Wilm Date: 21 July 2004 Project Name: FAP 827 (IL 15) - New Crossing of the Wabash River

State: Illinois County: Wabash

Applicant: IDOT District 7 Site Name: Wet Floodplain Forest

Legal Description: NW 1/4, SW 1/4, Sec. 28, T1S, R12W

Location: Immediately northeast and southwest of FAP 827, directly adjacent to the

Wabash River

Do normal environmental conditions exist at this site? Yes: X No: Has the vegetation, soils, or hydrology been significantly disturbed? Yes: No: X

#### **VEGETATION**

Dominant Plant Species	Indicator Status	Stratum
1. Acer saccharinum	FACW	tree
2. Populus deltoides	FAC+	tree
3. Aster simplex	FACW	herb
4. Laportea canadensis	FACW	herb
5. Ruellia strepens	FAC+	herb
6 Toxicodendron radicans	FAC+	herb

Percentage of dominant species that are OBL, FACW, FAC+, or FAC: 100%

Hydrophytic vegetation: Yes: X No:

Rationale: More than 50% of the dominants are OBL, FACW, FAC+ or

FAC.

#### SOILS

Series and phase: Beaucoup silty clay loam

On Wabash County hydric soils list? Yes: X No:

Is the soil a histosol? Yes: No: X Histic epipedon present? Yes: No: X

Redox concentrations: Yes: X No: Redox depletions: Yes: X No:

Matrix color: 2.5Y 4/1

Other indicators: This soil is found in a low to depressional area.

Hydric soils: Yes: X No:

Rationale: The Natural Resources Conservation Service classifies Beaucoup silty clay loam as having aquic conditions. This

Beaucoup silty clay loam as naving aquic conditions. This soil has an iron depleted matrix and iron masses. These

characteristics are evidence of a hydric soil.

Site 4 (page 2 of 5)

Field Investigators: Ketzner, Keene & Wilm Date: 21 July 2004 Project Name: FAP 827 (IL 15) - New Crossing of the Wabash River

State: Illinois County: Wabash

Applicant: IDOT District 7 Site Name: Wet Floodplain Forest

Legal Description: NW 1/4, SW 1/4, Sec. 28, T1S, R12W

Location: Immediately northeast and southwest of FAP 827, directly adjacent to the

Wabash River

### **HYDROLOGY**

Inundated? Yes: No: X Depth of standing water: NA

Depth to saturated soil: > 1.3 m (50 inches)

Overview of hydrological flow through the system: This site receives water through precipitation, sheet flow from adjacent higher ground (the levee), and from overflow of the Wabash River. Water leaves the site via evapotranspiration and sheet flow into the Wabash River.

Size of watershed: 74,165 km<sup>2</sup> (28,635 mi<sup>2</sup>) (Ogata 1975)

Other field evidence observed: This site is located within the floodplain of the Wabash River and is on the river side of a levee. Water-stained leaves, surface-scoured areas, drift lines and water-borne sediment deposits were observed at this site.

Wetland hydrology: Yes: X No:

Rationale: The relatively low topography, the close proximity to a

major river, and other field evidence indicate that wetland hydrology is present. In our opinion, this site is flooded or saturated long enough to meet the wetland hydrology

criterion.

### **DETERMINATION AND RATIONALE:**

Is the site a wetland? Rationale for decision: Yes: X No:

Dominant hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils, and wetland hydrology are all present. This site meets all of the wetland criteria. The NWI codes this site as PEM/FO1A (temporarily flooded, emergent/broad-leaved deciduous, forested palustrine wetland) and PFO1A (temporarily flooded, broad-leaved deciduous, forested palustrine wetland).

Determined by: David Ketzner and Brian Wilm (vegetation and hydrology)

Dennis Keene (soils and hydrology) Illinois Natural History Survey Center for Wildlife and Plant Ecology

Site 4 (page 3 of 5)

Field Investigators: Ketzner, Keene & Wilm Date: 21 July 2004 Project Name: FAP 827 (IL 15) - New Crossing of the Wabash River

State: Illinois County: Wabash

Applicant: IDOT District 7 Site Name: Wet Floodplain Forest

Legal Description: NW 1/4, SW 1/4, Sec. 28, T1S, R12W

Location: Immediately northeast and southwest of FAP 827, directly adjacent to the

Wabash River

#### SPECIES LIST

Scientific name	Common name	Stratum	Wetland indicator status	C*
Acalypha rhomboidea	three-seeded mercury	herb	FACU	0
Acer negundo	hox elder	tree, sapling, shrub	FACW-	1
Acer negunao Acer saccharinum	silver maple	tree, sapling, shrub	FACW	1
Amaranthus tuberculatus	tall waterhemp	herb	OBL	1
Ambrosia trifida	giant ragweed	herb	FAC+	0
Amorosia туша Apocynum cannabinum	dogbane	herb	FAC	2
Arabis shortii	toothed cress	herb	UPL	6
Araois snorii Artemisia annua	annual wormwood	herb	FACU	**
••••	panicled aster	herb	FACW	3
Aster simplex	common beggar-ticks	herb	FACW	1
Bidens frondosa	false nettle	herb	OBL	3
Boehmeria cylindrica	hairy brome	herb	UPL	**
Bromus commutatus	American bellflower	herb	FAC	4
Campanula americana	trumpet creeper	woody vine, herb	FAC.	2
Campsis radicans	woodland sedge	herb	FAC	2
Carex blanda	bur sedge	herb	FACW+	6
Carex grayi		tree, sapling, shrub	FAC-	3
Celtis occidentalis	hackberry	herb	FACW	4
Chasmanthium latifolium	sea oats	herb	FAC-	**
Chenopodium album	lamb's quarters	herb	FACW	5
Commelina virginica	day flower	herb	FAC-	ő
Conyza canadensis	horseweed		FAC	1
Cynanchum laeve	blue vine	herb	OBL	Ô
Echinochloa muricata	barnyard grass	herb	FACW-	4
Elymus virginicus	Virginia wild rye	herb	UPL	**
Euonymus fortunei	climbing euonymus	woody vine	FAC+	1
Eupatorium serotinum	late boneset	herb	FACU-	**
Festuca pratensis	meadow fescue	herb	FACU- FACW	2
Fraxinus pennsylvanica	green ash	tree, sapling, shrub		2
Gleditsia triacanthos	honey locust	herb	FAC	2
Impatiens capensis	jewelweed	herb	FACW	
Ipomoea lacunosa	white morning-glory	herb	FACW	1
Ipomoea pandurata	wild sweet potato vine	herb	FACU	2
Îva annua	marsh elder	herb	FAC	0
Lactuca floridana	blue lettuce	herb	FAC-	4
Laportea canadensis	wood nettle	herb	FACW	. 2

Species list continued on the following page.

Site 4 (page 4 of 5)

Field Investigators: Ketzner, Keene & Wilm Date: 21 July 2004 Project Name: FAP 827 (IL 15) - New Crossing of the Wabash River

State: Illinois

County: Wabash
Site Name: Wet Floodplain Forest Applicant: IDOT District 7

Legal Description: NW 1/4, SW 1/4, Sec. 28, T1S, R12W

Location: Immediately northeast and southwest of FAP 827, directly adjacent to the

Wabash River

### SPECIES LIST (continued)

Scientific name	Common name	Stratum	Wetland indicator status	C*
Leersia virginica	white grass	herb	FACW	4
Leersia virginica Maclura pomifera	hedge apple	tree	FACU	**
масшта ротуета Menispermum canadense	moonseed	herb	FAC	4
Morus alba	white mulberry	tree, sapling, shrub	FAC	**
	yellow wood sorrel	herb	FACU	0
Oxalis stricta	fog-fruit	herb	OBL	1
Phyla lanceolata	smooth ground cherry	herb	UPL	0
Physalis subglabrata	false dragonhead	herb	FACW	6
Physostegia virginiana	clearweed	herb	FACW	3
Pilea pumila	Rugel's plantain	herb	FAC	Ō
Plantago rugelii		tree	FACW	3
Platanus occidentalis	sycamore	herb	UPL	**
Polygonum cespitosum	creeping smartweed	herb		_
Polygonum sp.	smartweed	•	FAC+	2
Populus deltoides	eastern cottonwood	tree herb	OBL	**
Rorippa sylvestris	creeping yellow cress		FAC+	6
Ruellia strepens	smooth ruellia	herb	FAC+	**
Rumex crispus	curly dock	herb	OBL	1
Salix exigua	sandbar willow	sapling, shrub	OBL	3
Salix nigra	black willow	tree	FACW-	2
Sambucus canadensis	elderberry	shrub		2
Sanicula gregaria	common snakeroot	herb	FAC+	
Senecio glabellus	butterweed	herb	OBL	0
Sicyos angulatus	bur cucumber	herb	FACW-	3 .
Smilax hispida	bristly greenbrier	woody vine	FAC	3
Solidago gigantea	late goldenrod	herb	FACW	3 **
Sorghum halepense	Johnson grass	herb	FACU	**
Taraxacum officinale	common dandelion	herb	FACU	
Thaspium trifoliatum	meadow parsnip	herb	UPL	6
Torilis japonica	hedge parsley	herb	UPL	**
Toxicodendron radicans	poison ivy	woody vine, herb	FAC+	1
Verbena urticifolia	white vervian	herb	FAC+	3
Vernonia gigantea	tall ironweed	herb	FAC	4
Viola pratincola	common blue violet	herb	FAC	1

Species list continued on the following page.

Site 4 (page 5 of 5)

Field Investigators: Ketzner, Keene & Wilm Date: 21 July 2004 Project Name: FAP 827 (IL 15) - New Crossing of the Wabash River

County: Wabash State: Illinois

Site Name: Wet Floodplain Forest **Applicant:** IDOT District 7

Legal Description: NW 1/4, SW 1/4, Sec. 28, T1S, R12W

Location: Immediately northeast and southwest of FAP 827, directly adjacent to the

Wabash River

# SPECIES LIST (continued)

Scientific name	Common name	Stratum	Wetland indicator status	C*
Vitis cinerea Vitis riparia	winter grape riverbank grape	woody vine woody vine	FACW- FACW-	4 2
*Coefficient of Conserva	atism (Taft et al. 1997)		FQI = $R/\sqrt{N}$ = 133/ $\sqrt{57}$ = 17. mCv = $R/N$ = 133/57 = 2.3	6

Site 5 (page 1 of 4)

Field Investigators: Ketzner, Keene & Wilm Date: 21 July 2004 Project Name: FAP 827 (IL 15) - New Crossing of the Wabash River

State: Illinois County: Wabash

Applicant: IDOT District 7 Site Name: Wet Meadow Legal Description: NE 1/4, NW 1/4, SW 1/4, Sec. 28, T1S, R12W

Location: Immediately beneath to northeast of the existing bridge on FAP 827,

24 m (80 ft) northwest of the Wabash River

Do normal environmental conditions exist at this site? Yes: X No: Has the vegetation, soils, or hydrology been significantly disturbed? Yes: No: X

#### **VEGETATION**

Dominant Plant Species	Indicator Status	Stratum
1. Aster simplex	FACW	herb
2. Elymus virginicus	FACW-	herb
3. Rorippa sylvestris	OBL	herb

Percentage of dominant species that are OBL, FACW, FAC+, or FAC: 100%

Hydrophytic vegetation: Yes: X No:

Rationale: More than 50% of the dominants are OBL, FACW, FAC+ or

FAC.

#### SOILS

Series and phase: Beaucoup silty clay loam

On Wabash County hydric soils list? Yes: X No:

Is the soil a histosol? Yes: No: X Histic epipedon present? Yes: No: X

Redox concentrations: Yes: X No: Redox depletions: Yes: X No:

Matrix color: 2.5Y 4/1

Other indicators: This soil is found in a low to depressional area.

Hydric soils: Yes: X No:

Rationale: The Natural Resources Conservation Service classifies

Beaucoup silty clay loam as having aquic conditions. This soil has an iron depleted matrix and iron masses. These

characteristics are evidence of a hydric soil.

Site 5 (page 2 of 4)

**Date:** 21 July 2004 Field Investigators: Ketzner, Keene & Wilm Project Name: FAP 827 (IL 15) - New Crossing of the Wabash River

State: Illinois County: Wabash

Site Name: Wet Meadow Applicant: IDOT District 7 Legal Description: NE 1/4, NW 1/4, SW 1/4, Sec. 28, T1S, R12W

Location: Immediately beneath to northeast of the existing bridge on FAP 827,

24 m (80 ft) northwest of the Wabash River

#### HYDROLOGY

Depth of standing water: NA Inundated? Yes: No: X

Depth to saturated soil: > 1.3 m (50 inches)

Overview of hydrological flow through the system: This site receives water through precipitation, sheet flow from adjacent higher ground (the levee), and from overflow of the Wabash River. Water leaves the site via evapotranspiration.

Size of watershed: 74,165 km² (28,635 mi²) (Ogata 1975) Other field evidence observed: This site is located within the floodplain of the Wabash River and is on the river side of a levee. Water-borne sediment deposits were observed at this site.

Wetland hydrology: Yes: X No:

The relatively low topography, the close proximity to a Rationale:

major river, and other field evidence indicate that wetland hydrology is present. In our opinion, this site is flooded or

saturated long enough to meet the wetland hydrology

criterion.

### DETERMINATION AND RATIONALE:

Is the site a wetland? Rationale for decision: Yes: X No:

Dominant hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils, and wetland hydrology are all present. This site meets all of the wetland criteria. The NWI codes this site as PEM/FO1A (temporarily flooded, emergent/broad-leaved deciduous, forested palustrine wetland).

Determined by: David Ketzner and Brian Wilm (vegetation and hydrology)

Dennis Keene (soils and hydrology) Illinois Natural History Survey Center for Wildlife and Plant Ecology

Site 5 (page 3 of 4)

Field Investigators: Ketzner, Keene & Wilm Date: 21 July 2004 Project Name: FAP 827 (IL 15) - New Crossing of the Wabash River

State: Illinois County: Wabash

Applicant: IDOT District 7 Site Name: Wet Meadow Legal Description: NE 1/4, NW 1/4, SW 1/4, Sec. 28, T1S, R12W

Location: Immediately beneath to northeast of the existing bridge on FAP 827,

24 m (80 ft) northwest of the Wabash River

### SPECIES LIST

Scientific name	Common name	Stratum	Wetland indicator status	C*
Acer saccharinum	silver maple	tree	FACW	1
Acer saccnarınum Amaranthus tuberculatus	tall waterhemp	herb	OBL	1
	giant ragweed	herb	FAC+	0
Ambrosia trifida	dogbane	herb	FAC	2
Apocynum cannabinum	common milkweed	herb	UPL	0
Asclepias syriaca	panicled aster	herb	FACW	3
Aster simplex	American bindweed	herb	FAC	1
Calystegia sepium	trumpet creeper	herb	FAC	2
Campsis radicans	mat sandbur	herb	UPL	0
Cenchrus longispinus	blue vine	herb	FAC	1
Cynanchum laeve	panicled tick trefoil	herb	FACU	2
Desmodium paniculatum	Virginia wild rye	herb	FACW-	4
Elymus virginicus	white morning-glory	herb	FACW	1
Ipomoea lacunosa	wild sweet potato vine	herb	FACU	2
Ipomoea pandurata	marsh elder	herb	FAC	0
Iva annua Mallaca marticillata	carpetweed	herb	FAC	**
Mollugo verticillata	white mulberry	tree, shrub	FAC	**
Morus alba Oxalis stricta	yellow wood sorrel	herb	FACU	0
	prairie switchgrass	herb	FAC+	. 4
Panicum virgatum	beadgrass	herb	UPL	3
Paspalum ciliatifolium	fog-fruit	herb	OBL	1
Phyla lanceolata	smooth ground cherry	herb	UPL	0
Physalis subglabrata Polygonum cespitosum	creeping smartweed	herb	UPL	**
Polygonum lapathifolium	curttop lady's thumb	herb	FACW+	0
Polygonum tapamijonum Polygonum pensylvanicum	common smartweed	herb	FACW+	1
Polygonum persicaria	spotted lady's thumb	herb	FACW	**
Polygonum punctatum	dotted smartweed	herb	OBL	3
Polygonum scandens	climbing buckwheat	herb	FAC	2
Populus deltoides	eastern cottonwood	tree	FAC+	2
Rorippa sylvestris	creeping yellow cress	herb	OBL	**
Rumex altissimus	tall dock	herb	FACW-	2
	curly dock	herb	FAC+	**
Rumex crispus Setaria glauca	pigeon grass	herb	FAC	**
Sida spinosa	prickly sida	herb	FACU	**
Sorghum halepense	Johnson grass	herb	FACU	**

# ROUTINE ON-SITE WETLAND DETERMINATION Site 5 (page 4 of 4)

Field Investigators: Ketzner, Keene & Wilm Date: 21 July 2004 Project Name: FAP 827 (IL 15) - New Crossing of the Wabash River

State: Illinois County: Wabash

Applicant: IDOT District 7 Site Name: Wet Meadow Legal Description: NE 1/4, NW 1/4, SW 1/4, Sec. 28, T1S, R12W

Location: Immediately beneath to northeast of the existing bridge on FAP 827,

24 m (80 ft) northwest of the Wabash River

### SPECIES LIST (continued)

Scientific name	Common name	Stratum	Wetland indicator status	C*
	and buttoning of	herb	FACW+	4
Spermacoce glabra	smooth buttonweed common dandelion	herb	FACU	**
Taraxacum officinale	hedge parsley	herb	UPL	**
Torilis japonica Vernonia gigantea Vitis riparia	tall ironweed riverbank grape	herb	FAC	4
		woody vine	FACW-	2

<sup>\*</sup>Coefficient of Conservatism (Taft et al. 1997)

\*\*Non-native species

FQI =  $R/\sqrt{N}$  =  $48/\sqrt{29}$  = 8.9 mCv = R/N = 48/29 = 1.7

Site 6 (page 1 of 4)

Field Investigators: Ketzner, Keene & Wilm Date: 22 July 2004 Project Name: FAP 827 (IL 15) - New Crossing of the Wabash River

State: Indiana County: Gibson

Applicant: IDOT District 7 Site Name: Wet Floodplain Forest

Legal Description: SW 1/4, Sec. 28, T1S, R12W

Location: Immediately northeast and southwest of Indiana Route 64, directly adjacent

to the Wabash River (including the north part of Patoka Island)

Do normal environmental conditions exist at this site? Yes: X No: Has the vegetation, soils, or hydrology been significantly disturbed? Yes: X No: X

### **VEGETATION**

Dominant Plant Species	Indicator Status	Stratum
1. Acer saccharinum	FACW	tree
2. Aster simplex	FACW	herb
3. Toxicodendron radicans	FAC+	herb

Percentage of dominant species that are OBL, FACW, FAC+, or FAC: 100%

Hydrophytic vegetation: Yes: X No:

Rationale: More than 50% of the dominants are OBL, FACW, FAC+ or

FAC.

#### **SOILS**

Series and phase: Birds silt loam

On Gibson County hydric soils list? Yes: X No:

Is the soil a histosol? Yes: No: X
Redox concentrations: Yes: X No: Redox depletions: Yes: X No:

Matrix color: 2.5Y 5/2, 10YR 4/2

Other indicators: This soil is found in a low to depressional area.

Hydric soils: Yes: X No:

Rationale: The Natural Resources Conservation Service classifies Birds

silt loam as having aquic conditions. This soil has an iron depleted matrix, iron masses, and iron depletions. These

characteristics are evidence of a hydric soil.

Site 6 (page 2 of 4)

Field Investigators: Ketzner, Keene & Wilm Date: 22 July 2004 Project Name: FAP 827 (IL 15) - New Crossing of the Wabash River

State: Indiana County: Gibson

Applicant: IDOT District 7 Site Name: Wet Floodplain Forest

Legal Description: SW 1/4, Sec. 28, T1S, R12W

Location: Immediately northeast and southwest of Indiana Route 64, directly adjacent

to the Wabash River (including the north part of Patoka Island)

### **HYDROLOGY**

Inundated? Yes: No: X Depth of standing water: NA

Depth to saturated soil: > 1.3 m (50 inches)

Overview of hydrological flow through the system: This site receives water through precipitation and from overflow of the Wabash River. Water leaves the site via evapotranspiration and sheet flow into the Wabash River.

Size of watershed: 74,165 km<sup>2</sup> (28,635 mi<sup>2</sup>) (Ogata 1975)

Other field evidence observed: This site is located within the floodplain of the Wabash River and is on the river side of a levee. Water marks, surface-scoured areas, drift lines, wetland drainage patterns, and water-borne sediment deposits were observed at this site.

Wetland hydrology: Yes: X No:

Rationale: The relatively low topography, the close proximity to a

major river, and other field evidence indicate that wetland hydrology is present. In our opinion, this site is flooded or

saturated long enough to meet the wetland hydrology

criterion.

### DETERMINATION AND RATIONALE:

Is the site a wetland? Rationale for decision: Yes: X No:

Dominant hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils, and wetland hydrology are all present. This site meets all of the wetland criteria. The NWI codes this site as PFO1A (temporarily flooded, broad-leaved deciduous, forested palustrine wetland).

Determined by: David Ketzner and Brian Wilm (vegetation and hydrology)

Dennis Keene (soils and hydrology) Illinois Natural History Survey Center for Wildlife and Plant Ecology

Site 6 (page 3 of 4)

Field Investigators: Ketzner, Keene & Wilm Date: 22 July 2004 Project Name: FAP 827 (IL 15) - New Crossing of the Wabash River

State: Indiana County: Gibson

Applicant: IDOT District 7 Site Name: Wet Floodplain Forest

Legal Description: SW 1/4, Sec. 28, T1S, R12W

Location: Immediately northeast and southwest of Indiana Route 64, directly adjacent

to the Wabash River (including the north part of Patoka Island)

### SPECIES LIST

Scientific name	Common name	Stratum	Wetland indicator status	C*
A do	box elder	tree	FACW-	1
Acer negundo	silver maple	tree, sapling	FACW	1
Acer saccharinum	giant ragweed	herb	FAC+	0
Ambrosia trifida	raccoon grape	woody vine	FAC+	3
Ampelopsis cordata	panicled aster	herb	FACW	3
Aster simplex	beggar-ticks	herb		_
Bidens sp.	false nettle	herb	OBL	3
Boehmeria cylindrica		woody vine, herb	FAC	1
Campsis radicans	trumpet creeper	herb	FACW+	5
Carex grayi ·	bur sedge	herb		_
Carex sp.	sedge	tree	FACW	4
Carya illinoensis	pecan	tree, sapling, shrub	FAC-	3
Celtis occidentalis	hackberry	shrub	OBL	5
Cephalanthus occidentalis	buttonbush	herb	FACW	4
Chasmanthium latifolium	sea oats	herb	FACW	6
Commelina virginica	day flower		FACW-	2
Crataegus mollis	red haw	sapling herb	FACW-	3
Elymus virginicus	Virginia wild rye	sapling, shrub	OBL	8
Forestiera acuminata	swamp privet	tree, sapling, shrub	FACW	1
Fraxinus pennsylvanica	green ash		FAC	î
Gleditsia triacanthos	honey locust	tree herb	OBL	4
Hibiscus laevis	rose mallow	*	FACW	2
Impatiens capensis	jewelweed	herb	FACW	2
Ipomoea lacunosa	white morning-glory	herb	FACU	3
lpomoea pandurata	wild sweet potato vine	herb	FAC	0
Īva annua	marsh elder	herb	FACW	2
Laportea canadensis	wood nettle	herb	FACW	4
Leersia virginica	white grass	herb		3
Menispermum canadense	moonseed	herb	FAC	> **
Morus alba	white mulberry	sapling, shrub	FAC	
Parthenocissus quinquefolia	Virginia creeper	woody vine	FAC-	2
Pilea pumila	clearweed	herb	FACW	2
Platanus occidentalis	sycamore	tree	FACW	3 **
Polygonum cespitosum	creeping smartweed	herb	UPL	
Polygonum punctatum	dotted smartweed	herb	OBL	3
Populus deltoides	eastern cottonwood	tree	FAC+	1

Site 6 (page 4 of 4)

Field Investigators: Ketzner, Keene & Wilm Date: 22 July 2004 Project Name: FAP 827 (IL 15) - New Crossing of the Wabash River

State: Indiana County: Gibson

Applicant: IDOT District 7 Site Name: Wet Floodplain Forest

Legal Description: SW 1/4, Sec. 28, T1S, R12W

Location: Immediately northeast and southwest of Indiana Route 64, directly adjacent

to the Wabash River (including the north part of Patoka Island)

### **SPECIES LIST (continued)**

Scientific name	Common name	Stratum	Wetland indicator status	C*
	swamp buttercup	herb	FACW+	5
Ranunculus septentrionalis	smooth ruellia	herb	FAC+	4
Ruellia strepens	black willow	tree	OBL	3
Salix nigra	lizard's tail	herb	OBL	4
Saururus cernuus	bur cucumber	herb	FACW-	3
Sicyos angulatus	water parsnip	herb	OBL	5
Sium suave	bristly greenbrier	woody vine	FAC	3
Smilax hispida Smilax rotundifolia	catbrier	woody vine	FAC	4
	smooth buttonweed	herb	FACW+	3
Spermacoce glabra Stachys tenuifolia	smooth hedge nettle	herb	OBL	4
Stacnys tenutjona Toxicodendron radicans	poison ivy	woody vine, herb	FAC+	1
Ulmus americana	American elm	tree	FACW-	3
=	tall ironweed	herb	FAC	2
Vernonia gigantea	common blue violet	herb	FAC	1
Viola pratincola Vitis cinerea	winter grape	woody vine	FACW-	4
Vitis riparia	riverbank grape	woody vine	FACW-	1

<sup>\*</sup>Coefficient of Conservatism (Rothrock 2004)

\*\*Non-native species

FQI = R/ $\sqrt{N}$  = 135/ $\sqrt{47}$  = 19.7 mCv = R/N = 135/47 = 2.9

Site 7 (page 1 of 4)

Field Investigators: Ketzner, Keene & Wilm Date: 22 July 2004 Project Name: FAP 827 (IL 15) - New Crossing of the Wabash River

State: Indiana County: Gibson

Applicant: IDOT District 7 Site Name: Wet Floodplain Forest

Legal Description: N 1/2, SW 1/4, SE 1/4, Sec. 28, T1S, R12W

Location: Approximately 21.3 m (70 ft) northeast of Indiana Route 64 and

353 m (1160 ft) southeast of the Wabash River

Do normal environmental conditions exist at this site? Yes: X No: Has the vegetation, soils, or hydrology been significantly disturbed? Yes: No: X

#### **VEGETATION**

Dominant Plant Species	Indicator Status	Stratum		
1. Acer saccharinum	FACW	tree -		
2. Forestiera acuminata	OBL	sapling/shrub		
3 Polygonum punctatum	OBL	herb		

Percentage of dominant species that are OBL, FACW, FAC+, or FAC: 100%

Hydrophytic vegetation: Yes: X No:

Rationale: More than 50% of the dominants are OBL, FACW, FAC+ or

FAC.

#### SOILS

Series and phase: undetermined (excavated)

On Gibson County hydric soils list? Yes: No: Undetermined: X

Is the soil a histosol? Yes: No: X Histic epipedon present? Yes: No: X

Redox concentrations: NA Redox depletions: NA

Matrix color: NA

Other indicators: This site has been excavated and now receives water from surrounding

higher ground.

Hydric soils: Yes: X No:

Rationale: The soil at this site has been excavated a few meters. Soil colors of this material would not reflect true soil genesis at

this site. We believe though, due to the topography of the site that this site ponds for a long or very long duration during the growing season. This characteristic is evidence

of a hydric soil.

Site 7 (page 2 of 4)

Field Investigators: Ketzner, Keene & Wilm Date: 22 July 2004 Project Name: FAP 827 (IL 15) - New Crossing of the Wabash River

State: Indiana County: Gibson

Applicant: IDOT District 7 Site Name: Wet Floodplain Forest

Legal Description: N 1/2, SW 1/4, SE 1/4, Sec. 28, T1S, R12W

Location: Approximately 21.3 m (70 ft) northeast of Indiana Route 64 and

353 m (1160 ft) southeast of the Wabash River

#### **HYDROLOGY**

Inundated? Yes: No: X Depth of standing water: NA

Depth to saturated soil: > 1.0 m (40 inches)

Overview of hydrological flow through the system: This site receives water through precipitation, sheet flow from adjacent higher ground, and from overflow of the Wabash River and the Patoka River. Water leaves the site via evapotranspiration.

Size of watershed: 74,165 km<sup>2</sup> (28,635 mi<sup>2</sup>) (Ogata 1975)

Other field evidence observed: This excavated site is lower than surrounding ground. It is located within the floodplain of the Wabash River and is on the river side of a levee. Water-stained leaves, water marks, drift lines, and water-borne sediment deposits were observed at this site.

Wetland hydrology: Yes: X No:

Rationale: The relatively low topography, the close proximity to a

major river, and other field evidence indicate that wetland hydrology is present. In our opinion, this excavated site is flooded or saturated long enough to meet the wetland

hydrology criterion.

### **DETERMINATION AND RATIONALE:**

Is the site a wetland? Rationale for decision: Yes: X No:

Dominant hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils, and wetland hydrology are all present. This site meets all of the wetland criteria. The NWI codes this site as PFO1A (temporarily flooded, broad-leaved

deciduous, forested palustrine wetland).

Determined by: David Ketzner and Brian Wilm (vegetation and hydrology)
Dennis Keene (soils and hydrology)

Illinois Natural History Survey Center for Wildlife and Plant Ecology

Site 7 (page 3 of 4)

Field Investigators: Ketzner, Keene & Wilm Date: 22 July 2004 Project Name: FAP 827 (IL 15) - New Crossing of the Wabash River

State: Indiana County: Gibson

Applicant: IDOT District 7 Site Name: Wet Floodplain Forest

Legal Description: N 1/2, SW 1/4, SE 1/4, Sec. 28, T1S, R12W

Location: Approximately 21.3 m (70 ft) northeast of Indiana Route 64 and

353 m (1160 ft) southeast of the Wabash River

#### SPECIES LIST

Scientific name	Common name	Stratum	Wetland indicator status	C*
Acalypha rhomboidea	three-seeded mercury	herb	FACU	0
Acer negundo	box elder	herb	FACW-	1
Acer saccharinum	silver maple	tree, sapling	FACW	1
Amaranthus tuberculatus	tall waterhemp	herb	OBL	1
Ambrosia trifida	giant ragweed	herb	FAC+	0
Amsonia tabernaemontana	blue star	herb	FACW	5
Aster ontarionis	Ontario aster	herb	FAC	5
Aster simplex	panicled aster	herb	FACW	3
Betula nigra	river birch	tree	FACW	2
Bidens frondosa	common beggar-ticks	herb	FACW	1
Boehmeria cylindrica	false nettle	herb	OBL	3
Campsis radicans	trumpet creeper	woody vine, herb	FAC	1
Canpsis raaicans Carex grayi	bur sedge	herb	FACW+	5
Carya illinoensis	pecan	tree, sapling	FACW	4
Carya unioensis Celtis laevigata	sugarberry	tree	FACW	7
Cents taevigata  Cephalanthus occidentalis	buttonbush	shrub	OBL	5
	day flower	herb	FACW	6
Commelina virginica	green hawthorn	sapling	FACW	7
Crataegus viridis	blue vine	herb	FAC	ì
Cynanchum laeve	yerba de tajo	herb	FACW	3
Eclipta prostrata	late boneset	herb	FAC+	ő
Eupatorium serotinum		tree, sapling, shrub	OBL	8
Forestiera acuminata	swamp privet	tree, sapling, shrub	FACW	1
Fraxinus pennsylvanica	green ash	tree	FAC	ī
Gleditsia triacanthos	honey locust rose mallow	herb	OBL	4
Hibiscus laevis		herb	FACW	2
Ipomoea lacunosa	white morning-glory	herb	FACU	3
Ipomoea pandurata	wild sweet potato vine	herb	OBL	5
Leersia lenticularis	catchfly grass	herb	FACW	4
Leersia virginica	white grass	shrub	FAC	**
Morus alba	white mulberry		FAC-	0
Phytolacca americana	pokeweed	herb	FACW	2
Pilea pumila	clearweed	herb	FACW	3
Platanus occidentalis	sycamore	tree	UPL	<i>⊃</i> **
Polygonum cespitosum	creeping smartweed	herb	FACW+	.0

# ROUTINE ON-SITE WETLAND DETERMINATION Site 7 (page 4 of 4)

Field Investigators: Ketzner, Keene & Wilm Date: 22 July 2004 Project Name: FAP 827 (IL 15) - New Crossing of the Wabash River

State: Indiana County: Gibson

Applicant: IDOT District 7 Site Name: Wet Floodplain Forest

Legal Description: N 1/2, SW 1/4, SE 1/4, Sec. 28, T1S, R12W

Location: Approximately 21.3 m (70 ft) northeast of Indiana Route 64 and

353 m (1160 ft) southeast of the Wabash River

#### SPECIES LIST (continued)

Scientific name	Common name	Stratum	Wetland indicator status	C*
Polygonum punctatum	dotted smartweed	herb	OBL	3
Populus deltoides	eastern cottonwood	free	FAC+	1
Scutellaria lateriflora	mad-dog skullcap	herb	OBL	4
Senecio glabellus	butterweed	herb	OBL	0
Sicyos angulatus	bur cucumber	herb	FACW-	3
Sida spinosa	prickly sida	herb	FACU	**
Smilax rotundifolia	catbrier	woody vine	FAC	4
Spermacoce glabra	smooth buttonweed	herb	FACW+	3
Toxicodendron radicans	poison ivy	woody vine, herb	FAC+	1
Illmus americana	American elm	tree	FACW-	3
Vernonia gigantea	tall ironweed	herb	FAC	2
Vitis cinerea	winter grape	woody vine	FACW-	4
Vitis cinerea Vitis riparia	riverbank grape	woody vine	FACW-	1
Xanthium strumarium	cockle bur	herb	FAC	0

<sup>\*</sup>Coefficient of Conservatism (Rothrock 2004)

\*\*Non-native species

FQI =  $R/\sqrt{N}$  = 123/ $\sqrt{46}$  = 18.1 mCv = R/N = 123/46 = 2.7

Site 8 (page 1 of 3)

Field Investigators: Ketzner, Keene & Wilm Date: 22 July 2004 Project Name: FAP 827 (IL 15) - New Crossing of the Wabash River

County: Gibson State: Indiana

**Applicant:** IDOT District 7 Site Name: Wet Meadow Legal Description: NE 1/4, SW 1/4, SE 1/4, Sec. 28, T1S, R12W

Location: Approximately 54.9 m (180 ft) northeast of Indiana Route 64 and

500 m (1640 ft) southeast of the Wabash River

Do normal environmental conditions exist at this site?

Yes: X No:

Has the vegetation, soils, or hydrology been significantly disturbed?

No: X Yes:

No: X

Yes:

#### **VEGETATION**

**Dominant Plant Species** 

**Indicator Status** 

Stratum

1. Polygonum punctatum

OBL

herb

Percentage of dominant species that are OBL, FACW, FAC+, or FAC: 100%

Hydrophytic vegetation: Yes: X

No:

Rationale: More than 50% of the dominants are OBL, FACW, FAC+ or

FAC.

#### SOILS

Series and phase: Undetermined

On Gibson County hydric soils list?:

No: X Yes:

Is the soil a histosol? Yes:

No: X

Histic epipedon present?

Undetermined: X

Redox concentrations: Yes:

Yes:

No: No:

Redox depletions:

Undetermined: X

Matrix color: NA

Other hydric soil indicators: Soil is saturated.

Hydric soils: Yes: X

No:

Rationale:

The soil at this site has been excavated a few meters. This

soil is ponded for a long duration or a very long duration during the growing season. This characteristic is evidence

of a hydric soil.

Site 8 (page 2 of 3)

Date: 22 July 2004 Field Investigators: Ketzner, Keene & Wilm Project Name: FAP 827 (IL 15) - New Crossing of the Wabash River

County: Gibson State: Indiana

Site Name: Wet Meadow **Applicant: IDOT District 7** Legal Description: NE 1/4, SW 1/4, SE 1/4, Sec. 28, T1S, R12W

Location: Approximately 54.9 m (180 ft) northeast of Indiana Route 64 and

500 m (1640 ft) southeast of the Wabash River

#### **HYDROLOGY**

Depth of standing water: to 0.10 m (4 in) Yes: X (in part) No: Inundated?

Depth to saturated soil: at surface

Overview of hydrological flow through the system: This site receives water through precipitation, sheet flow from adjacent higher ground, and from overflow of the Wabash River and the Patoka River. Water leaves the site via evapotranspiration.

Size of watershed: 74,165 km<sup>2</sup> (28,635 mi<sup>2</sup>) (Ogata 1975)

Other field evidence observed: This excavated site is lower than surrounding ground. It is located within the floodplain of the Wabash River and is on the river side of a levee. Algal mats were observed at this site.

No:

Wetland hydrology: Yes: X

The visual observation of inundation and saturation (in part Rationale:

of the site), the relatively low topography, the close proximity to a major river, and other field evidence indicate that wetland hydrology is present. In our opinion, this excavated site is flooded or saturated long enough to meet

the wetland hydrology criterion.

## **DETERMINATION AND RATIONALE:**

Is the site a wetland? Rationale for decision: Yes: X No:

Dominant hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils, and wetland hydrology are all present. This site meets all of the wetland criteria.

The NWI codes this site as PUBG

(intermittently exposed, palustrine wetland

with an unconsolidated bottom).

Determined by: David Ketzner and Brian Wilm (vegetation and hydrology)

Dennis Keene (soils and hydrology) Illinois Natural History Survey

Center for Wildlife and Plant Ecology

Site 8 (page 3 of 3)

Field Investigators: Ketzner, Keene & Wilm Date: 22 July 2004 Project Name: FAP 827 (IL 15) - New Crossing of the Wabash River

State: Indiana County: Gibson

**Applicant:** IDOT District 7 Site Name: Wet Meadow Legal Description: NE 1/4, SW 1/4, SE 1/4, Sec. 28, T1S, R12W

Location: Approximately 54.9 m (180 ft) northeast of Indiana Route 64 and 500 m (1640 ft) southeast of the Wabash River

#### SPECIES LIST

Scientific name	Common name	Stratum	Wetland indicator status	C*
Abutilon theophrasti	velvet-leaf	herb	FACU-	**
Andranthus tuberculatus	tall waterhemp	herb	OBL	1
Amarannia coccinea	long-leaved ammannia	herb	OBL	2
Anthumud coccined Apocynum cannabinum	dogbane	herb	FAC	2
Bidens sp.	beggar-ticks	herb		-
Cyperus sp.	flatsedge	herb		_
Eclipta prostrata	yerba de tajo	herb	FACW	3
Forestiera acuminata	swamp privet	shrub	OBL	8
Ipomoea lacunosa	white morning-glory	herb	FACW	2
Iva annua	marsh elder	herb	FAC	0
Leptochloa fascicularis	bearded sprangle top	herb	OBL	**
Polygonum pensylvanicum	common smartweed	herb	FACW+	0
Polygonum punctatum	dotted smartweed	herb	OBL	3
Rorippa sessiliflora	sessile-flowered cress	herb	OBL	3
Sida spinosa	prickly sida	herb	FACU	**
Spermacoce glabra	smooth buttonweed	herb	FACW+	.3
Xanthium strumarium	cockle bur	herb	FAC	0

<sup>\*</sup>Coefficient of Conservatism (Rothrock 2004)

\*\*Non-native species

 $FQI = R/\sqrt{N} = 27/\sqrt{12} = 7.8$ mCv = R/N = 27/12 = 2.3

Site 9 (page 1 of 3)

Field Investigators: Ketzner, Keene & Wilm Date: 22 July 2004 Project Name: FAP 827 (IL 15) - New Crossing of the Wabash River

County: Gibson State: Indiana

Site Name: Pond **Applicant: IDOT District 7** Legal Description: S 1/2, SE 1/4, Sec. 28, T1S, R12W

Location: Immediately north and south (and directly under a bridge) of Indiana Route

64 and 567 m (1860 ft) southeast of the Wabash River

Do normal environmental conditions exist at this site?

Yes: X

No:

Has the vegetation, soils, or hydrology been significantly disturbed?

Yes:

No: X

#### **VEGETATION**

**Dominant Plant Species** 1. Cephalanthus occidentalis **Indicator Status** 

Stratum

OBL

shrub

Percentage of dominant species that are OBL, FACW, FAC+, or FAC: 100%

Hydrophytic vegetation: Yes: X

No:

Rationale: More than 50% of the dominants are OBL, FACW, FAC+ or

FAC.

#### SOILS

Series and phase: Undetermined (excavated)

On Gibson County hydric soils list?: No: X

Histic epipedon present? Yes: No: X Is the soil a histosol? Yes: No: X

Undetermined: X Redox concentrations: Yes: No:

Undetermined: X No: Redox depletions: Yes:

Matrix color: NA

Other hydric soil indicators: Soil is saturated.

No: Hydric soils: Yes: X

This site was excavated for a pond. This soil is ponded for a Rationale:

long duration or a very long duration during the growing season. This characteristic is evidence of a hydric soil.

Site 9 (page 2 of 3)

Field Investigators: Ketzner, Keene & Wilm Date: 22 July 2004 Project Name: FAP 827 (IL 15) - New Crossing of the Wabash River

State: Indiana County: Gibson

Applicant: IDOT District 7 Site Name: Pond Legal Description: S 1/2, SE 1/4, Sec. 28, T1S, R12W

Location: Immediately north and south (and directly under a bridge) of Indiana Route

64 and 567 m (1860 ft) southeast of the Wabash River

#### **HYDROLOGY**

Inundated? Yes: X No: Depth of standing water: to approximately 1.8 m (6 ft)

Depth to saturated soil: at surface

Overview of hydrological flow through the system: This site receives water through precipitation, sheet flow from adjacent higher ground, and from overflow of the Wabash River and the Patoka River. Water leaves the site via evapotranspiration.

Size of watershed: 74,165 km<sup>2</sup> (28,635 mi<sup>2</sup>) (Ogata 1975)

Other field evidence observed: This excavated site is lower than surrounding ground. It is located within the floodplain of the Wabash River and is on the river side of a levee.

No:

Wetland hydrology: Yes: X

Rationale: The visual observation of inundation and saturation, the

relatively low topography, the close proximity to a major river, and other field evidence indicate that wetland

hydrology is present. In our opinion, this excavated site is

flooded or saturated long enough to meet the wetland

hydrology criterion.

## **DETERMINATION AND RATIONALE:**

Is the site a wetland? Rationale for decision:

Yes: X No:

Dominant hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils, and wetland hydrology are all present. This site meets all of the wetland criteria.

The NWI codes this site as PUBG

(intermittently exposed, palustrine wetland

with an unconsolidated bottom).

Determined by: David Ketzner and Brian Wilm (vegetation and hydrology)

Dennis Keene (soils and hydrology)
Illinois Natural History Survey
Center for Wildlife and Plant Ecology

Site 9 (page 3 of 3)

Field Investigators: Ketzner, Keene & Wilm Date: 22 July 2004 Project Name: FAP 827 (IL 15) - New Crossing of the Wabash River

State: Indiana County: Gibson

Applicant: IDOT District 7 Site Name: Pond Legal Description: S 1/2, SE 1/4, Sec. 28, T1S, R12W

Location: Immediately north and south (and directly under a bridge) of Indiana Route

64 and 567 m (1860 ft) southeast of the Wabash River

#### SPECIES LIST

Scientific name	Common name	Stratum	Wetland indicator status	<b>C</b> *
		ture souling should	FACW	1
Acer saccharinum	silver maple	tree, sapling, shrub shrub	FACW	2
Betula nigra	river birch		OBL	3
Boehmeria cylindrica	false nettle	herb shrub	OBL	5
Cephalanthus occidentalis	buttonbush		FAC+	ñ
Eupatorium serotinum	late boneset	herb shrub	FACW	1
Fraxinus pennsylvanica	green ash		OBL	4.
Hibiscus laevis	rose mallow	herb	FACW	2
Ipomoea lacunosa	white morning-glory	herb	OBL	3
Lemna minor	common duckweed	herb	FACW	3
Platanus occidentalis	sycamore	tree	OBL	3
Polygonum punctatum	dotted smartweed	herb	FACW	3
Quercus palustris	pin oak	tree		3
Salix nigra	black willow	shrub	OBL	<i>3</i> ⊿
Saururus cernuus	lizard's tail	herb	OBL	4
Spermacoce glabra	smooth buttonweed	herb	FACW+	3
Toxicodendron radicans	poison ivy	woody vine, herb	FAC+	I
Vernonia gigantea	tall ironweed	herb	FAC	2

<sup>\*</sup>Coefficient of Conservatism (Rothrock 2004)

FQI =  $R/\sqrt{N}$  = 43/ $\sqrt{17}$  = 10.4 mCv = R/N = 43/17 = 2.5

Site 10 (page 1 of 4)

Field Investigators: Ketzner, Keene & Wilm Date: 22 July 2004 Project Name: FAP 827 (IL 15) - New Crossing of the Wabash River

State: Indiana County: Gibson

Applicant: IDOT District 7 Site Name: Floodplain Forest Legal Description: W 1/2, SE 1/4, SE 1/4, Sec. 28, T1S, R12W

Location: Approximately 18.3 m (60 ft) northeast of Indiana Route 64 and

610 m (2000 ft) southeast of the Wabash River

Do normal environmental conditions exist at this site?

Has the vegetation, soils, or hydrology been significantly disturbed?

Yes: X

Yes: X

No: X

#### **VEGETATION**

Dominant Plant Species	Indicator Status	Stratum
1. Acer saccharinum	FACW	tree
2. Aster simplex	FACW	herb
3. Leersia virginica	FACW	herb
4 Toxicodendron radicans	FAC+	herb

Percentage of dominant species that are OBL, FACW, FAC+, or FAC: 100%

Hydrophytic vegetation: Yes: X No:

Rationale: More than 50% of the dominants are OBL, FACW, FAC+ or

FAC.

#### SOILS

Series and phase: Newark silty clay loam

On Gibson County hydric soils list? Yes: No: X

Is the soil a histosol? Yes: No: X Histic epipedon present? Yes: No: X

Redox concentrations: Yes: X No: Redox depletions: Yes: No: X

Matrix color: 10YR 5/4 Other indicators: none

Hvdric soils: Yes: No: X

Rationale: While Newark silty clay loam has iron masses, this soil

lacks the required iron depleted matrix. Thus, this site does

not have hydric soils.

Site 10 (page 2 of 4)

Date: 22 July 2004 Field Investigators: Ketzner, Keene & Wilm Project Name: FAP 827 (IL 15) - New Crossing of the Wabash River

County: Gibson State: Indiana

Site Name: Floodplain Forest **Applicant: IDOT District 7** Legal Description: W 1/2, SE 1/4, SE 1/4, Sec. 28, T1S, R12W

Location: Approximately 18.3 m (60 ft) northeast of Indiana Route 64 and

610 m (2000 ft) southeast of the Wabash River

#### HYDROLOGY

No: X Inundated? Yes:

Depth of standing water: NA

Depth to saturated soil: > 1.3 m (50 in)

Overview of hydrological flow through the system: This site receives water through precipitation and from overflow of the Wabash River and the Patoka River. Water leaves the site via evapotranspiration and sheet flow into the adjacent pond (Site 9), adjacent lower ground (Sites 18 & 19), and a ditch that parallels Indiana Route 64.

Size of watershed: 74,165 km<sup>2</sup> (28,635 mi<sup>2</sup>) (Ogata 1975)

Other field evidence observed: This site is located within the floodplain of the Wabash River and is on the river side of a levee. Drift lines and water-borne sediment deposits were observed at this site. This site is topographically higher than adjacent areas.

Wetland hydrology: Yes:

No: X

Rationale: Although this site undoubtedly floods on occasion, we believe inundation and saturation are of short duration only. The relatively high topography suggests that any water this site receives rapidly drains onto adjacent lower ground. In our opinion, this site is not flooded or saturated long enough

to meet the wetland hydrology criterion.

## DETERMINATION AND RATIONALE:

Is the site a wetland? Rationale for decision: Yes: No: X

Although dominant hydrophytic vegetation is present, hydric soils and wetland hydrology are absent. This site does not meet all of the wetland criteria. The NWI codes this site as PFO1A (temporarily flooded, broad-leaved deciduous, forested palustrine wetland).

Determined by: David Ketzner and Brian Wilm (vegetation and hydrology)

Dennis Keene (soils and hydrology) Illinois Natural History Survey Center for Wildlife and Plant Ecology

Site 10 (page 3 of 4)

Field Investigators: Ketzner, Keene & Wilm Date: 22 July 2004 Project Name: FAP 827 (IL 15) - New Crossing of the Wabash River

State: Indiana County: Gibson

Applicant: IDOT District 7 Site Name: Floodplain Forest Legal Description: W 1/2, SE 1/4, SE 1/4, Sec. 28, T1S, R12W

Location: Approximately 18.3 m (60 ft) northeast of Indiana Route 64 and

610 m (2000 ft) southeast of the Wabash River

#### SPECIES LIST

Scientific name	Common name	Stratum	Wetland indicator status	C*
Acalypha rhomboidea	three-seeded mercury	herb	FACU	0
Acer negundo	box elder	tree	FACW-	1
Acer saccharinum	silver maple	tree, sapling, shrub	FACW	1
Ampelopsis cordata	raccoon grape	woody vine	FAC+	3
Aster simplex	panicled aster	herb	FACW	3
Betula nigra	river birch	tree	FACW	2
Bignonia capreolata	cross-vine	woody vine	FACW	7
Boehmeria cylindrica	false nettle	herb	OBL	3
Campsis radicans	trumpet creeper	shrub, woody vine	FAC	1
Carex grayi	bur sedge	herb	FACW+	5
Carex muskingumensis	sedge .	herb	OBL	6
Carya laciniosa	kingnut hickory	tree, sapling	FACW	8
Celtis occidentalis	hackberry	tree, shrub	FAC-	3
Chasmanthium latifolium	sea oats	herb	FACW	4
Commelina virginica	day flower	herb	FACW	6
Crataegus mollis	red hawthorn	tree	FACW-	- 2
Diospyros virginiana	persimmon	tree	FAC	2
Elymus virginicus	Virginia wild rye	herb	FACW-	3
Eupatorium serotinum	late boneset	herb	FAC+	0
Fraxinus pennsylvanica	green ash	tree, sapling, shrub	FACW	1
Gleditsia triacanthos	honey locust	shrub	FAC	1
Gonolobus suberosa	angle-fruited milk vine	herb	NI	7
Gymnocladus dioica	Kentucky coffeetree	shrub	UPL	4
Ilex decidua	swamp holly	shrub	FACW	6
Ipomoea pandurata	wild sweet potato vine	herb	FACU	3
Laportea canadensis	wood nettle	herb	FACW	2
Leersia virginica	white grass	herb	FACW	4
Liquidambar styraciflua	sweet gum	tree, sapling, shrub	FACW	4
Menispermum canadense	moonseed	herb	FAC	3
Morus alba	white mulberry	shrub	FAC	**
Parthenocissus quinquefolia	Virginia creeper	herb	FAC-	2
Platanus occidentalis	sycamore	tree	FACW	3
Populus deltoides	eastern cottonwood	tree	FAC+	1

Species list continued on the following page.

### ROUTINE ON-SITE WETLAND DETERMINATION Site 10 (page 4 of 4)

Field Investigators: Ketzner, Keene & Wilm Date: 22 July 2004 Project Name: FAP 827 (IL 15) - New Crossing of the Wabash River

State: Indiana County: Gibson

Applicant: IDOT District 7 Site Name: Floodplain Forest Legal Description: W 1/2, SE 1/4, SE 1/4, Sec. 28, T1S, R12W

Location: Approximately 18.3 m (60 ft) northeast of Indiana Route 64 and

610 m (2000 ft) southeast of the Wabash River

#### **SPECIES LIST (continued)**

Scientific name	Common name	Stratum	Wetland indicator status	C*
Quercus macrocarpa Quercus pagoda Quercus palustris Ruellia strepens Saururus cernuus Smilax hispida Smilax rotundifolia Toxicodendron radicans Ulmus americana Vernonia gigantea Viola pratincola Vitis cinerea Vitis riparia	bur oak cherrybark oak pin oak smooth ruellia lizard's tail bristly greenbrier cat brier poison ivy American elm tall ironweed common blue violet winter grape riverbank grape	tree, sapling, shrub tree tree herb herb woody vine woody vine, herb tree, sapling, shrub herb herb woody vine	FAC- FAC FACW FAC+ OBL FAC FAC FAC FAC FAC+ FACW- FAC FAC FAC FACW- FACW- FACW-	5. 5. 3. 4. 4. 3. 4. 1. 3. 2. 1. 4.

<sup>\*</sup>Coefficient of Conservatism (Rothrock 2004)

\*\*Non-native species

FQI =  $R/\sqrt{N}$  =  $141/\sqrt{45}$  = 21.0 mCv = R/N = 141/45 = 3.1

No: X

## ROUTINE ON-SITE WETLAND DETERMINATION

Site 11 (page 1 of 3)

Field Investigators: Ketzner, Keene & Wilm Date: 22 July 2004 Project Name: FAP 827 (IL 15) - New Crossing of the Wabash River

State: Indiana County: Gibson

Applicant: IDOT District 7 Site Name: Cropland

Legal Description: S 1/2, SE 1/4, SE 1/4, SW 1/4, Sec. 28, T1S, R12W

Location: Approximately 4.6 m (15 ft) north of 970 W and 232 m (760 ft) southwest

of Indiana Route 64

Do normal environmental conditions exist at this site? Yes: X No: Has the vegetation, soils, or hydrology been significantly disturbed? Yes: X No: Comments: This cropped site was recently treated with herbicide. Most of the plants, although readily identifiable, had recently died.

#### **VEGETATION**

Dominant Plant Species Indicator Status Stratum
1. Ammannia coccinea OBL herb

Percentage of dominant species that are OBL, FACW, FAC+, or FAC: 100%

Hydrophytic vegetation: Yes: X No:

Rationale: More than 50% of the dominants are OBL, FACW, FAC+ or

FAC. Although very few living plants were alive at the time of the field survey, we were able to determine that the vegetation

was hydrophytic before herbicide treatment.

#### SOILS

Series and phase: Newark silty clay loam

On Gibson County hydric soils list? Yes: No: X

Is the soil a histosol? Yes: No: X Histic epipedon present? Yes:

Redox concentrations: Yes: X No: Redox depletions: Yes: No: X

Matrix color: 10YR 5/3
Other indicators: none

Hydric soils: Yes: No: X

Rationale: While Newark silty clay loam has iron masses, this soil

lacks the required iron depleted matrix. Thus, this site does

not have hydric soils.

Site 11 (page 2 of 3)

Field Investigators: Ketzner, Keene & Wilm Date: 22 July 2004 Project Name: FAP 827 (IL 15) - New Crossing of the Wabash River

State: Indiana County: Gibson

Applicant: IDOT District 7 Site Name: Cropland

Legal Description: S 1/2, SE 1/4, SE 1/4, SW 1/4, Sec. 28, T1S, R12W

Location: Approximately 4.6 m (15 ft) north of 970 W and 232 m (760 ft) southwest

of Indiana Route 64

#### HYDROLOGY

Inundated? Yes: No: X Depth of standing water: NA

Depth to saturated soil: > 1.0 m (40 in)

Overview of hydrological flow through the system: This site receives water through precipitation, sheet flow from surrounding higher ground, and from overflow of the Wabash River. Water leaves the site via evapotranspiration.

Size of watershed: 74,165 km<sup>2</sup> (28,635 mi<sup>2</sup>) (Ogata 1975)

Other field evidence observed: This site is located within the floodplain of the Wabash River and is on the river side of a levee. Soybeans planted on the site earlier this year were mostly dead, presumably from wet conditions. Algal mats were observed at this site.

No:

Wetland hydrology: Yes: X

Rationale: The relatively low topography, the close proximity to a

major river, and other field evidence indicate that wetland hydrology is probably present. In our opinion, this site is probably flooded or saturated long enough to meet the

wetland hydrology criterion.

## DETERMINATION AND RATIONALE:

Is the site a wetland? Rationale for decision:

Unknown: X No: Yes: The final determination for this cropped site remains unknown, pending a determination from the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Personnel from the local NRCS office were unable to supply a determination at this time. Although dominant hydrophytic vegetation is present and wetland hydrology is probably present, we were unable to find indicators of hydric soils. However, we nevertheless believe that this site is probably a wetland. The NWI codes this site as PEMA (temporarily flooded, emergent, palustrine wetland).

Site 12 (page 1 of 4)

Field Investigators: Ketzner, Keene & Wilm Date: 22 July 2004 Project Name: FAP 827 (IL 15) - New Crossing of the Wabash River

State: Indiana County: Gibson

Applicant: IDOT District 7 Site Name: Cropland

Legal Description: NE 1/4, NE 1/4, NE 1/4, NW 1/4, Sec. 33, T1S, R12W

Location: Approximately 5.5 m (18 ft) south of 970 W and 305 m (1000 ft) southwest

of Indiana Route 64

Do normal environmental conditions exist at this site?

Yes: X

No:

Has the vegetation, soils, or hydrology been significantly disturbed?

Yes:

No: X

#### **VEGETATION**

Dominant Plant Species Indicator Status OBL herb
2. Polygonum lapathifolium FACW+

Percentage of dominant species that are OBL, FACW, FAC+, or FAC: 100%

Hydrophytic vegetation: Yes: X No:

Rationale: More than 50% of the dominants are OBL, FACW, FAC+ or

FAC.

#### SOILS

Series and phase: Newark silty clay loam

On Gibson County hydric soils list? Yes: No: X

Is the soil a histosol? Yes: No: X Histic epipedon present? Yes: No: X

Redox concentrations: Yes: X No: Redox depletions: Yes: No: X

Matrix color: 10YR 5/3
Other indicators: none

Hydric soils: Yes: No: X

Rationale: While Newark silty clay loam has iron masses, this soil

lacks the required iron depleted matrix. Thus, this site does

not have hydric soils.

Site 12 (page 2 of 4)

Field Investigators: Ketzner, Keene & Wilm Date: 22 July 2004 Project Name: FAP 827 (IL 15) - New Crossing of the Wabash River

State: Indiana County: Gibson

Applicant: IDOT District 7 Site Name: Cropland

Legal Description: NE 1/4, NE 1/4, NE 1/4, NW 1/4, Sec. 33, T1S, R12W

Location: Approximately 5.5 m (18 ft) south of 970 W and 305 m (1000 ft) southwest

of Indiana Route 64

#### **HYDROLOGY**

Inundated? Yes: No: X

Depth of standing water: NA

Depth to saturated soil: > 1.0 m (40 in)

Overview of hydrological flow through the system: This site receives water through precipitation, sheet flow from surrounding higher ground, and from overflow of the Wabash River. Water leaves the site via evapotranspiration.

Size of watershed: 74,165 km<sup>2</sup> (28,635 mi<sup>2</sup>) (Ogata 1975)

Other field evidence observed: This site is located within the floodplain of the Wabash River and is on the river side of a levee. Soybeans planted on the site earlier this year were mostly dead, presumably from wet conditions.

Wetland hydrology: Yes: X No:

Rationale: The relatively low topography, the close proximity to a

major river, and other field evidence indicate that wetland hydrology is probably present. In our opinion, this site is probably flooded or saturated long enough to meet the

wetland hydrology criterion.

## DETERMINATION AND RATIONALE:

Is the site a wetland? Rationale for decision:

Unknown: X No: Yes: The final determination for this cropped site remains unknown, pending a determination from the Natural Resources Conservation Service. Personnel from the local NRCS office were unable to supply a determination at this time. Although dominant hydrophytic vegetation is present and wetland hydrology is probably present, we were unable to find indicators of hydric soils. However, we nevertheless believe that this site is probably a wetland. The NWI codes this site as PEMA (temporarily flooded, emergent, palustrine wetland).

Site 12 (page 3 of 4)

Field Investigators: Ketzner, Keene & Wilm Date: 22 July 2004 Project Name: FAP 827 (IL 15) - New Crossing of the Wabash River

State: Indiana County: Gibson

Applicant: IDOT District 7 Site Name: Cropland

Legal Description: NE 1/4, NE 1/4, NE 1/4, NW 1/4, Sec. 33, T1S, R12W

Location: Approximately 5.5 m (18 ft) south of 970 W and 305 m (1000 ft) southwest

of Indiana Route 64

Determined by: David Ketzner and Brian Wilm (vegetation and hydrology)

Dennis Keene (soils and hydrology) Illinois Natural History Survey Center for Wildlife and Plant Ecology

607 East Peabody Drive Champaign, Illinois 61820 217-244-8821 (Ketzner)

#### SPECIES LIST

Scientific name	Common name	Stratum	Wetland indicator status	C*
4 1 2 1 1 1 1 1	three-seeded mercury	herb	FACU	0
Acalypha rhomboidea	tall waterhemp	herb	OBL	1
Amaranthus tuberculatus	giant ragweed	herb	FAC+	0 .
Ambrosia trifida	long-leaved ammannia	herb	OBL	2
Ammannia coccinea	common beggar-ticks	herb	FACW	. 1
Bidens frondosa	trumpet creeper	herb	FAC	1
Campsis radicans	spurge	herb		_
Chamaesyce sp. Cynanchum laeve	blue vine	herb	FAC	1
Cynunchum raeve Cyperus acuminatus	short-point flatsedge	herb	OBL	2
Cyperus acuminaus Cyperus esculentus	yellow nut-sedge	herb	FACW	0
	yerba de tajo	herb	FACW	3
Eclipta prostrata Eleocharis obtusa	spike rush	herb	OBL	1
	pony grass	herb	OBL	3
Eragrostis hypnoides Eupatorium serotinum	late boneset	herb	FAC+	0
Glycine max (planted)	soybean	herb	UPL	**
Ipomoea lacunosa	white morning-glory	herb	FACW	2
гротова гасинози Іva annua	marsh elder	herb	FAC	0
Leucospora multifida	leucospora	herb	FACW+	3
Lindernia dubia	false pimpernel	herb	OBL	3
Polygonum lapathifolium	curttop lady's thumb	herb	FACW+	0
Populus deltoides	eastern cottonwood	herb	FAC+	1
Portulaca oleracea	purslane	herb	FAC-	**
Rorippa islandica	marsh yellow cress	herb	OBL	2
Rumex crispus	curly dock	herb	FAC+	**

Site 12 (page 4 of 4)

Field Investigators: Ketzner, Keene & Wilm Date: 22 July 2004 Project Name: FAP 827 (IL 15) - New Crossing of the Wabash River

State: Indiana County: Gibson

Applicant: IDOT District 7 Site Name: Cropland

Legal Description: NE 1/4, NE 1/4, NE 1/4, NW 1/4, Sec. 33, T1S, R12W

Location: Approximately 5.5 m (18 ft) south of 970 W and 305 m (1000 ft) southwest

of Indiana Route 64

### SPECIES LIST (continued)

Scientific name	Common name	Stratum	Wetland indicator status	C*
Salix nigra Senecio glabellus Sida spinosa Solanum carolinense Veronica peregrina	black willow butterweed prickly sida horse-nettle purslane speedwell	herb herb herb herb herb	OBL OBL FACU FACU- FACW+	3 0 ** 0

<sup>\*</sup>Coefficient of Conservatism (Rothrock 2004)

FQI =  $R/\sqrt{N}$  = 29/ $\sqrt{24}$  = 5.9 mCv = R/N = 29/24 = 1.2

<sup>\*\*</sup>Non-native species

Site 13 (page 1 of 4)

Field Investigators: Ketzner & Keene Date: 28 July 2004 Project Name: FAP 827 (IL 15) - New Crossing of the Wabash River

State: Indiana County: Gibson

Applicant: IDOT District 7 Site Name: Floodplain Forest Legal Description: NW 1/4, SW 1/4, SE 1/4, Sec. 28, T1S, R12W

Location: Approximately 12.2 m (40 ft) southwest of Indiana Route 64 and

323 m (1060 ft) southeast of the Wabash River

Do normal environmental conditions exist at this site? Yes: X No: Has the vegetation, soils, or hydrology been significantly disturbed? Yes: No: X

#### VEGETATION

<b>Dominant Plant Species</b>	Indicator Status	Stratum
1. Celtis occidentalis	FAC-	tree
2. Gleditsia triacanthos	FAC	tree
3. Maclura pomifera	FACU	tree
4. Morus alba	FAC	tree
5. Celtis occidentalis	FAC-	sapling
6. Toxicodendron radicans	FAC+	herb

Percentage of dominant species that are OBL, FACW, FAC+, or FAC: 50%

Hydrophytic vegetation: Yes: No: X

Rationale: Only 50% of the dominants are OBL, FACW, FAC+ or FAC.

#### SOILS

Series and phase: Nolin silt loam

On Gibson County hydric soils list? Yes: No: X

Is the soil a histosol? Yes: No: X

Histic epipedon present? Yes: No: X

Redox concentrations: Yes: No: X Redox depletions: Yes: No: X

Matrix color: 10YR 4/3 Other indicators: none

Hydric soils: Yes: No: X

Rationale: Nolin silt loam is a well drained soil that lacks hydric soil

characteristics.

Site 13 (page 2 of 4)

Date: 28 July 2004 Field Investigators: Ketzner & Keene Project Name: FAP 827 (IL 15) - New Crossing of the Wabash River

County: Gibson State: Indiana

Site Name: Floodplain Forest Applicant: IDOT District 7 Legal Description: NW 1/4, SW 1/4, SE 1/4, Sec. 28, T1S, R12W

Location: Approximately 12.2 m (40 ft) southwest of Indiana Route 64 and

323 m (1060 ft) southeast of the Wabash River

#### HYDROLOGY

Yes: No: X Inundated?

Depth of standing water: NA

Depth to saturated soil: > 1.3 m (50 in)

Overview of hydrological flow through the system: This site receives water through precipitation, sheet flow from adjacent higher ground (the road embankment), and from overflow of the Wabash River and the Patoka River. Water leaves the site via evapotranspiration and sheet flow onto nearby lower ground.

Size of watershed: 74,165 km<sup>2</sup> (28,635 mi<sup>2</sup>) (Ogata 1975)

Other field evidence observed: This site is located within the floodplain of the Wabash River and is on the river side of a levee. Drift lines were observed at this site. This site is partially covered with fill material and is topographically higher than adjacent areas.

Wetland hydrology: Yes:

No: X

Rationale: Although this site undoubtedly floods on occasion, we believe inundation and saturation are of short duration only. The relatively high topography suggests that any water this site receives drains onto adjacent lower ground. In our opinion, this site is not flooded or saturated long enough to

meet the wetland hydrology criterion.

## DETERMINATION AND RATIONALE:

Is the site a wetland? Rationale for decision:

No: X Yes:

Dominant hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils, and wetland hydrology are all absent. This site meets none of the wetland criteria.

The NWI does not code this site as a

wetland.

Determined by: David Ketzner (vegetation and hydrology)

Dennis Keene (soils and hydrology) Illinois Natural History Survey

Center for Wildlife and Plant Ecology

## ROUTINE ON-SITE WETLAND DETERMINATION Site 13 (page 3 of 4)

Date: 28 July 2004 Field Investigators: Ketzner & Keene Project Name: FAP 827 (IL 15) - New Crossing of the Wabash River

County: Gibson State: Indiana

Site Name: Floodplain Forest Applicant: IDOT District 7 Legal Description: NW 1/4, SW 1/4, SE 1/4, Sec. 28, T1S, R12W Location: Approximately 12.2 m (40 ft) southwest of Indiana Route 64 and 323 m (1060 ft) southeast of the Wabash River

#### SPECIES LIST

Scientific name	Common name	Stratum	Wetland indicator status	C*
Acer saccharinum	silver maple	tree	FACW	1
Acer saccuaruum Ambrosia artemisiifolia	common ragweed	herb	FACU	0
Ambrosia trifida	giant ragweed	herb	FAC+	0
Amorosia irijuu Aster ontarionis	Ontario aster	herb	FAC	5
Aster simplex	panicled aster	herb	FACW	3
Campsis radicans	trumpet creeper	shrub, herb	FAC	1
Campsis radicans Carex grayi	bur sedge	herb	FACW+	5
<b>5</b> +	sedge	herb		-
Carex sp. Carya illinoensis	pecan	shrub	FACW	4
Celtis occidentalis	hackberry	tree, sapling, shrub	FAC-	3
Chasmanthium latifolium	sea oats	herb	FACW	4
Chenopodium album	lamb's quarters	herb	FAC-	**
Commelina virginica	day flower	herb	FACW	6
Crataegus mollis	red hawthorn	tree	FACW-	2
Diospyros virginiana	persimmon	sapling	FAC	2
Elymus virginicus	Virginia wild rye	herb	FACW-	3
Eupatorium serotinum	late boneset	herb	FAC+	0
Fraxinus pennsylvanica	green ash	tree, sapling	FACW	1
Gleditsia triacanthos	honey locust	tree	FAC	1
Hackelia virginiana	stickseed	herb	FAC-	0
Ipomoea pandurata	wild sweet potato vine	herb	FACU	3
гротова ранишний Іуа аппиа	marsh elder	herb	FAC	0
Maclura pomifera	hedge apple	tree	FACU	**
Maciura pomijera Morus alba	white mulberry	tree, shrub	FAC	**
Parthenocissus quinquefolia	Virginia creeper	woody vine	FAC-	2
Pilea pumila	clearweed	herb	FACW	2
Polygonum cespitosum	creeping smartweed	herb	UPL	**
Polygonum punctatum	dotted smartweed	herb	OBL	3
Populus deltoides	eastern cottonwood	tree	FAC+	1
Ruellia strepens	smooth ruellia	herb	FAC+	4
Sicyos angulatus	bur cucumber	herb	FACW-	3
Smilax rotundifolia	cat brier	woody vine	FAC	4
Toxicodendron radicans	poison ivy	woody vine, herb	FAC+	1
Ulmus americana	American elm	tree	FACW-	3

Site 13 (page 4 of 4)

Field Investigators: Ketzner & Keene Date: 28 July 2004 Project Name: FAP 827 (IL 15) - New Crossing of the Wabash River

County: Gibson State: Indiana

Site Name: Floodplain Forest Applicant: IDOT District 7 Legal Description: NW 1/4, SW 1/4, SE 1/4, Sec. 28, T1S, R12W

Location: Approximately 12.2 m (40 ft) southwest of Indiana Route 64 and 323 m (1060 ft) southeast of the Wabash River

### SPECIES LIST (continued)

Scientific name	Common name	Stratum	Wetland indicator status	C*
Vernonia gigantea Vitis riparia	tall ironweed riverbank grape	herb woody vine	FAC FACW-	2 · 1
*Coefficient of Conserva	atism (Rothrock 2004)		FQI = $R/\sqrt{N}$ = 70/ $\sqrt{31}$ = 12.6 mCv = $R/N$ = 70/31 = 2.3	

Site 14 (page 1 of 4)

Date: 22 July 2004 Field Investigators: Ketzner, Keene & Wilm Project Name: FAP 827 (IL 15) - New Crossing of the Wabash River

County: Gibson State: Indiana

Site Name: Wet Floodplain Forest **Applicant:** IDOT District 7

Legal Description: SE 1/4, SW 1/4, SE 1/4, Sec. 28, T1S, R12W Location: Approximately 4.6 m (15 ft) east of 970 W and 24.4 m (80 ft)

southwest of Indiana Route 64

No: Yes: X Do normal environmental conditions exist at this site? Has the vegetation, soils, or hydrology been significantly disturbed? No: X Yes:

#### **VEGETATION**

Dominant Plant Species	Indicator Status	Stratum
1. Acer saccharinum	FACW	tree
2. Fraxinus pennsylvanica	FACW	tree
3. Populus deltoides	FAC+	tree
4. Ulmus americana	FACW-	tree
5. Aster simplex	FACW	herb
6. Toxicodendron radicans	FAC+	herb

Percentage of dominant species that are OBL, FACW, FAC+, or FAC: 100%

Hydrophytic vegetation: Yes: X No:

Rationale: More than 50% of the dominants are OBL, FACW, FAC+ or

FAC.

#### **SOILS**

Series and phase: Birds silt loam

Yes: X No: On Gibson County hydric soils list?

No: X Histic epipedon present? Yes: No: X Is the soil a histosol? Yes: Redox depletions: Yes: X No:

Yes: X No: Redox concentrations:

Mottle color: 2.5Y 5/2

Other indicators: This soil is found in a low to depressional area.

Hydric soils: Yes: X No:

Rationale: The Natural Resources Conservation Service classifies Birds

silt loam as having aquic conditions. This soil has iron masses, iron depletions, and an iron depleted matrix. These

characteristics are evidence of a hydric soil.

Site 14 (page 2 of 4)

Field Investigators: Ketzner, Keene & Wilm Date: 22 July 2004 Project Name: FAP 827 (IL 15) - New Crossing of the Wabash River

County: Gibson State: Indiana

Site Name: Wet Floodplain Forest **Applicant:** IDOT District 7

Legal Description: SE 1/4, SW 1/4, SE 1/4, Sec. 28, T1S, R12W Location: Approximately 4.6 m (15 ft) east of 970 W and 24.4 m (80 ft)

southwest of Indiana Route 64

#### HYDROLOGY

No: X Inundated? Yes:

Depth of standing water: NA

Depth to saturated soil: > 1.3 m (50 in)

Overview of hydrological flow through the system: This site receives water through precipitation, sheet flow from adjacent higher ground, and from overflow of the Wabash River and the Patoka River. Water leaves the site via evapotranspiration.

Size of watershed: 74,165 km<sup>2</sup> (28,635 mi<sup>2</sup>) (Ogata 1975)

Other field evidence observed: This excavated site is lower than surrounding ground. It is located within the floodplain of the Wabash River and is on the river side of a levee. Drift lines were observed at this site.

Wetland hydrology: Yes: X

No:

Rationale:

The relatively low topography, the close proximity to a major river, and other field evidence indicate that wetland hydrology is present. In our opinion, this excavated site is flooded or saturated long enough to meet the wetland

hydrology criterion.

## **DETERMINATION AND RATIONALE:**

Is the site a wetland? Rationale for decision: Yes: X No:

Dominant hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils, and wetland hydrology are all present. This site meets all of the wetland criteria. The NWI does not code this site as a

wetland.

Determined by: David Ketzner and Brian Wilm (vegetation and hydrology)

Dennis Keene (soils and hydrology) Illinois Natural History Survey

Center for Wildlife and Plant Ecology

Site 14 (page 3 of 4)

Field Investigators: Ketzner, Keene & Wilm Date: 22 July 200 Project Name: FAP 827 (IL 15) - New Crossing of the Wabash River Date: 22 July 2004

County: Gibson State: Indiana

Site Name: Wet Floodplain Forest **Applicant:** IDOT District 7

**Legal Description:** SE 1/4, SW 1/4, SE 1/4, Sec. 28, T1S, R12W Location: Approximately 4.6 m (15 ft) east of 970 W and 24.4 m (80 ft) southwest of Indiana Route 64

### SPECIES LIST

Scientific name	Common name	Stratum	Wetland indicator status	C*
	Alexanded morning	herb	FACU	0
Acalypha rhomboidea	three-seeded mercury box elder	tree, shrub	FACW-	1
Acer negundo		tree, sapling, shrub	FACW	1
Acer saccharinum	silver maple	herb	FAC+	Ō
Ambrosia trifida	giant ragweed	herb	FACW	5
Amsonia tabernaemontana	blue star	herb	FACW	3
Aster simplex	panicled aster		FACW	2
Betula nigra	river birch	tree, sapling	FAC	2 1
Campsis radicans	trumpet creeper	herb	FACW+	5
Carex grayi	bur sedge	herb	OBL	6
Carex muskingumensis	sedge	herb	FACW	4
Carya illinoensis	pecan	shrub	FACU	0
Catalpa speciosa	catalpa	herb	FACW	7
Celtis laevigata	sugarberry	tree	FAC-	3
Celtis occidentalis	hackberry	tree, sapling, shrub		4
Chasmanthium latifolium	sea oats	herb	FACW	6
Commelina virginica	day flower	herb	FACW	2
Cornus drummondii	rough-leaved dogwood	shrub	FAC	7
Crataegus viridis	green hawthorn	sapling	FACW	1
Cynanchum laeve	blue vine	herb	FAC	1
Desmodium sp.	tick trefoil	herb	77.4.67	_
Diospyros virginiana	persimmon	tree	FAC	2
Elymus virginicus	Virginia wild rye	herb	FACW-	3
Fraxinus pennsylvanica	green ash	tree, sapling, shrub	FACW	1
Gleditsia triacanthos	honey locust	tree	FAC	1
Gonolobus suberosa	angle-fruited milk vine	herb	NI	7
Ilex decidua	swamp holly	sapling, shrub	FACW	6
Ipomoea pandurata	wild sweet potato vine	herb	FACU	3
Laportea canadensis	wood nettle	herb	FACW	2
Leersia virginica	white grass	' herb	FACW	4
Liquidambar styraciflua	sweet gum	shrub	FACW	4
Lysimachia ciliata	fringed loosestrife	herb	FACW	4
Lysimachia nummularia	moneywort	herb	FACW+	**
Maclura pomifera	hedge apple	tree, sapling	FACU	**
Menispermum canadense	moonseed	herb	FAC	3
Morus alba	white mulberry	herb	FAC	**

Species list continued on the following page.

### ROUTINE ON-SITE WETLAND DETERMINATION Site 14 (page 4 of 4)

Field Investigators: Ketzner, Keene & Wilm Date: 22 July 2004 Project Name: FAP 827 (IL 15) - New Crossing of the Wabash River

County: Gibson State: Indiana

Site Name: Wet Floodplain Forest Applicant: IDOT District 7

Legal Description: SE 1/4, SW 1/4, SE 1/4, Sec. 28, T1S, R12W Location: Approximately 4.6 m (15 ft) east of 970 W and 24.4 m (80 ft) southwest of Indiana Route 64

## SPECIES LIST (continued)

Scientific name	Common name	Stratum	Wetland indicator status	C*
Parthenocissus quinquefolia Pilea pumila Platanus occidentalis Populus deltoides Quercus palustris Ruellia strepens Smilax rotundifolia Spermacoce glabra Toxicodendron radicans Ulmus americana Vernonia gigantea Viola pratincola Vitis cinerea Vitis riparia	Virginia creeper clearweed sycamore eastern cottonwood pin oak smooth ruellia catbrier smooth buttonweed poison ivy American elm tall ironweed common blue violet winter grape riverbank grape	woody vine, herb herb tree tree, sapling, shrub herb woody vine herb woody vine, herb tree, sapling, shrub herb herb woody vine, woody vine herb woody vine	FAC- FACW FACH FACW FAC+ FACW FAC+ FACW+ FACH FACW- FACW- FAC FACW- FACW- FACW- FACW- FACW- FACW- FACW-	2 2 3 1 3 4 4 3 1 3 2 1 4

<sup>\*</sup>Coefficient of Conservatism (Rothrock 2004)

\*\*Non-native species

 $FOI = R/\sqrt{N} = 132/\sqrt{45} = 19.7$  $\overrightarrow{mCv} = R/N = 132/45 = 2.9$ 

Site 15 (page 1 of 4)

Field Investigators: Ketzner, Keene & Wilm Date: 22 July 2004 Project Name: FAP 827 (IL 15) - New Crossing of the Wabash River

State: Indiana County: Gibson

Applicant: IDOT District 7 Site Name: Wet Floodplain Forest

Legal Description: NW 1/4, NE 1/4, Sec. 33, T1S, R12W

Location: Approximately 30.5 m (100 ft) south of 970 W and 128 m (420 ft)

southwest of Indiana Route 64

Do normal environmental conditions exist at this site?

Has the vegetation, soils, or hydrology been significantly disturbed?

Yes: X

No: Yes: X

No: X

#### **VEGETATION**

Do	minant Plant Species	<b>Indicator Status</b>	Stratum
	Acer saccharinum	FACW	tree
	Populus deltoides	FAC+	tree ·
	Salix nigra	OBL	tree
4	Cephalanthus occidentalis	OBL	shrub
	Lemna minor	OBL	herb

Percentage of dominant species that are OBL, FACW, FAC+, or FAC: 100%

Hydrophytic vegetation: Yes: X No:

Rationale: More than 50% of the dominants are OBL, FACW, FAC+ or

FAC.

#### SOILS

Series and phase: undetermined
On Gibson County hydric soils list?

Yes: No: Undetermined: X

Is the soil a histosol? Yes: No: X Histic epipedon present? Yes: No: X

Redox concentrations: Yes: No: Undetermined: X Redox depletions: Yes: No: Undetermined: X

Mottle color: NA

Other indicators: This site has been excavated and the soil is saturated in the spring and early summer.

Hydric soils: Yes: X No:

Rationale: The soil at this site has been excavated a few meters. We

believe this site ponds for a long or very long duration

during the growing season.

Site 15 (page 2 of 4)

Date: 22 July 2004 Field Investigators: Ketzner, Keene & Wilm Project Name: FAP 827 (IL 15) - New Crossing of the Wabash River

County: Gibson State: Indiana

Site Name: Wet Floodplain Forest **Applicant:** IDOT District 7

Legal Description: NW 1/4, NE 1/4, Sec. 33, T1S, R12W

Location: Approximately 30.5 m (100 ft) south of 970 W and 128 m (420 ft)

southwest of Indiana Route 64

#### HYDROLOGY

Depth of standing water: to 1.8 m (6 ft) No: X Inundated? Yes: X (in part)

Depth to saturated soil: at surface

Overview of hydrological flow through the system: This site receives water through precipitation, sheet flow from adjacent higher ground, and from overflow of the Wabash River and the Patoka River. Water leaves the site via evapotranspiration.

Size of watershed: 74,165 km<sup>2</sup> (28,635 mi<sup>2</sup>) (Ogata 1975)

Other field evidence observed: This excavated site is lower than surrounding ground. It is located within the floodplain of the Wabash River and is on the river side of a levee. Water-stained leaves, water marks, and drift lines were observed at this site.

Wetland hydrology: Yes: X

No:

The visual observation of inundation and saturation, the Rationale:

relatively low topography, the close proximity to a major river, and other field evidence indicate that wetland

hydrology is present. In our opinion, this excavated site is flooded or saturated long enough to meet the wetland

hydrology criterion.

## DETERMINATION AND RATIONALE:

Is the site a wetland? Rationale for decision: Yes: X No:

Dominant hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils, and wetland hydrology are all present. This site meets all of the wetland criteria.

The NWI codes this site as PSS1C

(seasonally flooded, broad-leaved deciduous, scrub-shrub, palustrine wetland) and PUBGx (excavated, intermittently exposed, palustrine wetland with an unconsolidated bottom).

Determined by: David Ketzner and Brian Wilm (vegetation and hydrology)

Dennis Keene (soils and hydrology) Illinois Natural History Survey

Center for Wildlife and Plant Ecology

Site 15 (page 3 of 4)

Field Investigators: Ketzner, Keene & Wilm Date: 22 July 2004 Project Name: FAP 827 (IL 15) - New Crossing of the Wabash River

County: Gibson State: Indiana

Applicant: IDOT District 7 Site Name: Wet Floodplain Forest

Legal Description: NW 1/4, NE 1/4, Sec. 33, T1S, R12W

Location: Approximately 30.5 m (100 ft) south of 970 W and 128 m (420 ft) southwest of Indiana Route 64

#### SPECIES LIST

Scientific name	Common name	Stratum	Wetland indicator status	C*
A 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	three-seeded mercury	herb	FACU	0
Acalypha rhomboidea Acer saccharinum	silver maple	tree, sapling, shrub	FACW	1
Acer saccnarınım Amaranthus tuberculatus	tall waterhemp	herb	OBL	1
	mosquito fern	herb	OBL	4
Azolla caroliniana	river birch	tree, sapling, shrub	FACW	2
Betula nigra	common beggar-ticks	herb	FACW	1
Bidens frondosa	false nettle	herb	OBL	3
Boehmeria cylindrica	trumpet creeper	woody vine, herb	FAC	1
Campsis radicans	hackberry	shrub	FAC-	3
Celtis occidentalis	buttonbush	shrub	OBL	5
Cephalanthus occidentalis	day flower	herb	FACW	6
Commelina virginica	barnyard grass	herb	OBL	1
Echinochloa muricata	yerba de tajo	herb	FACW	3
Eclipta prostrata	swamp privet	sapling, shrub	OBL	8
Forestiera acuminata	green ash	sapling, shrub	FACW	1
Fraxinus pennsylvanica	rose mallow	herb	OBL	4
Hibiscus laevis	white morning-glory	herb	FACW	2
Ipomoea lacunosa	common duckweed	herb	OBL	3
Lemna minor	marsh purslane	herb	OBL	3
Ludwigia palustris	false loosestrife	herb	OBL	4
Ludwigia polycarpa	moneywort	herb	FACW+	**
Lysimachia nummularia	white mulberry	herb	FAC	**
Morus alba	munro grass	herb	FACW	4
Panicum rigidulum	pokeweed	herb	FAC-	0
Phytolacca americana	eastern cottonwood	tree	FAC+	1
Populus deltoides	yellow cress	herb		_
Rorippa sp.	blackberry	herb		_
Rubus sp.	black willow	tree	OBL	3
Salix nigra	mad-dog skullcap	herb	OBL	4
Scutellaria lateriflora	cat brier	herb	*******	_
Smilax sp.	black nightshade	herb	FACU-	0
Solanum ptycanthum	poison ivy	herb	FAC+	1
Toxicodendron radicans Ulmus americana	American elm	tree	FACW-	3

Species list continued on the following page.

Site 15 (page 4 of 4)

Field Investigators: Ketzner, Keene & Wilm **Date:** 22 July 2004 Project Name: FAP 827 (IL 15) - New Crossing of the Wabash River

County: Gibson State: Indiana

Site Name: Wet Floodplain Forest **Applicant:** IDOT District 7

Legal Description: NW 1/4, NE 1/4, Sec. 33, T1S, R12W

Location: Approximately 30.5 m (100 ft) south of 970 W and 128 m (420 ft) southwest of Indiana Route 64

## SPECIES LIST (continued)

Scientific name	Common name	Stratum	Wetland indicator status	C*
Viola pratincola Vitis riparia	common blue violet riverbank grape	herb herb	FAC FACW-	1
*Coefficient of Conserva **Non-native species	atism (Rothrock 2004)		FQI = R/ $\sqrt{N}$ = 74/ $\sqrt{30}$ = 13.5 mCv = R/ $N$ = 74/30 = 2.5	

Site 16 (page 1 of 4)

Field Investigators: Ketzner & Keene Date: 28 July 2004 Project Name: FAP 827 (IL 15) - New Crossing of the Wabash River

State: Indiana County: Gibson

Applicant: IDOT District 7 Site Name: Floodplain Forest

Legal Description: S 1/2, SE 1/4, Sec. 28, T1S, R12W

Location: Approximately 12.2 m (40 ft) northeast of Indiana Route 64 and

549 m (1800 ft) southeast of the Wabash River

Do normal environmental conditions exist at this site?

Has the vegetation, soils, or hydrology been significantly disturbed?

Yes: X

No:

Yes: X

No: X

#### **VEGETATION**

Dominant Plant Species	Indicator Status	Stratum
1. Quercus shumardii	FACW-	tree
2. Asimina triloba	FAC	sapling/shrub
3. Aster simplex	FACW	herb
4. Chasmanthium latifolium	FACW	herb
5. Elymus virginicus	FACW-	herb
6. Toxicodendron radicans	FAC+	herb

Percentage of dominant species that are OBL, FACW, FAC+, or FAC: 100%

Hydrophytic vegetation: Yes: X No:

Rationale: More than 50% of the dominants are OBL, FACW, FAC+ or

FAC.

#### **SOILS**

Series and phase: Nolin silt loam

On Gibson County hydric soils list? Yes: No: X

Is the soil a histosol? Yes: No: X
Redox concentrations: Yes: No: X
Redox depletions: Yes: No: X

Matrix color: 10YR 5/4 Other indicators: none

Hydric soils: Yes: No: X

Rationale: Nolin silt loam is a well drained soil that lacks hydric soil

characteristics.

### ROUTINE ON-SITE WETLAND DETERMINATION Site 16 (page 2 of 4)

Field Investigators: Ketzner & Keene Date: 28 July 2004 Project Name: FAP 827 (IL 15) - New Crossing of the Wabash River

State: Indiana County: Gibson

Applicant: IDOT District 7 Site Name: Floodplain Forest

Legal Description: S 1/2, SE 1/4, Sec. 28, T1S, R12W

Location: Approximately 12.2 m (40 ft) northeast of Indiana Route 64 and

549 m (1800 ft) southeast of the Wabash River

#### **HYDROLOGY**

Inundated? Yes: No: X Depth of standing water: NA

Depth to saturated soil: > 1.3 m (50 in)

Overview of hydrological flow through the system: This site receives water through precipitation and from overflow of the Wabash River and the Patoka River. Water leaves the site via evapotranspiration and sheet flow onto nearby lower ground (Sites 7 & 9).

Size of watershed: 74,165 km<sup>2</sup> (28,635 mi<sup>2</sup>) (Ogata 1975)

Other field evidence observed: This site is located within the floodplain of the Wabash River and is on the river side of a levee. This site is 3.0-3.7 m (10-12 ft) higher than the adjacent Sites 7 and 9.

Wetland hydrology: Yes:

es: No: X

Rationale: Although this site probably floods on occasion, we believe inundation and saturation are of short duration only. The relatively high topography suggests that any water this site receives rapidly drains onto adjacent lower ground. In our opinion, this site is not flooded or saturated long enough to

meet the wetland hydrology criterion.

## DETERMINATION AND RATIONALE:

Is the site a wetland? Rationale for decision: Yes: No: X

Although dominant hydrophytic vegetation is present, hydric soils and wetland hydrology are absent. This site does not meet all of the wetland criteria. The NWI codes this site as PFO1A (temporarily flooded, broad-leaved deciduous, forested palustrine wetland).

Determined by: David Ketzner (vegetation and hydrology)

Dennis Keene (soils and hydrology) Illinois Natural History Survey Center for Wildlife and Plant Ecology

Site 16 (page 3 of 4)

Field Investigators: Ketzner & Keene Date: 28 July 2004 Project Name: FAP 827 (IL 15) - New Crossing of the Wabash River

State: Indiana County: Gibson

Applicant: IDOT District 7 Site Name: Floodplain Forest

Legal Description: S 1/2, SE 1/4, Sec. 28, T1S, R12W

Location: Approximately 12.2 m (40 ft) northeast of Indiana Route 64 and

549 m (1800 ft) southeast of the Wabash River

#### SPECIES LIST

Scientific name	Common name	Stratum	Wetland indicator status	C*
Acalypha rhomboidea	three-seeded mercury	herb	FACU	0
Acaiypna momboiaea Acer saccharinum	silver maple	tree, sapling, shrub	FACW	1
Acer saccuarum Ambrosia trifida	giant ragweed	herb	FAC+	0
Ambrosia irijuu Arisaema dracontium	green dragon	herb	FACW .	5
	pawpaw	tree, sapling, shrub	FAC	6
Asimina triloba	Ontario aster	herb	FAC	5
Aster ontarionis	panicled aster	herb	FACW	3
Aster simplex	river birch	tree, sapling	FACW	2
Betula nigra	cross-vine	woody vine	FACW	7
Bignonia capreolata	trumpet creeper	shrub	FAC	1
Campsis radicans	bur sedge	herb	FACW+	5
Carex grayi	sedge	herb		_
Carex sp.	American hornbeam	shrub	FAC	5
Carpinus caroliniana	bitternut hickory	sapling	FAC	5
Carya cordiformis		sapling	FACW	8
Carya laciniosa	kingnut hickory	tree, shrub	FAC-	3
Celtis occidentalis	hackberry	herb	FACW	4
Chasmanthium latifolium	sea oats	herb	FAC	3
Cryptotaenia canadensis	honewort	herb		_
Desmodium sp.	tick trefoil		FAC	2
Diospyros virginiana	persimmon	shrub herb	FACW-	3
Elymus virginicus	Virginia wild rye		FAC+	0
Eupatorium serotinum	late boneset	herb	FACW	1
Fraxinus pennsylvanica	green ash	sapling, shrub	FACW	6
Ilex decidua	swamp holly	shrub	FACU	3
Ipomoea pandurata	wild sweet potato vine	herb	FACW	2
Laportea canadensis	wood nettle	herb	FACW	4
Leersia virginica	white grass	herb	FAC+	5
Lilium michiganense	Michigan lily	herb		4
Liquidambar styraciflua	sweet gum	tree, sapling	FACW	4
Lysimachia ciliata	fringed loosestrife	herb	FACW	4 **
Lysimachia nummularia	moneywort	herb	FACW+	3
Menispermum canadense	moonseed	herb	FAC	د **
Morus alba	white mulberry	shrub	FAC	
Nyssa sylvatica	black gum	herb	UPL	5
Oxalis stricta	yellow wood sorrel	herb	FACU	0

### ROUTINE ON-SITE WETLAND DETERMINATION Site 16 (page 4 of 4)

Field Investigators: Ketzner & Keene **Date:** 28 July 2004 Project Name: FAP 827 (IL 15) - New Crossing of the Wabash River State: Indiana County: Gibson

State: Indiana

Site Name: Floodplain Forest **Applicant:** IDOT District 7

Legal Description: S 1/2, SE 1/4, Sec. 28, T1S, R12W

Location: Approximately 12.2 m (40 ft) northeast of Indiana Route 64 and 549 m (1800 ft) southeast of the Wabash River

#### **SPECIES LIST (continued)**

Scientific name	Common name	Stiutum	Wetland indicator	<b>C</b> *
Parthenocissus quinquefolia	Virginia creeper	woody vine	FAC-	2
Quercus macrocarpa	bur oak	tree	FAC-	5
Quercus pagoda	cherrybark oak	tree	FAC	5
Quercus palustris	pin oak	shrub	FACW	3
Quercus shumardii	Shumard's oak	tree	FACW-	7
Ranunculus septentrionalis	swamp buttercup	herb	FACW+	5
Ruellia strepens	smooth ruellia	herb	FAC+	4
Sanicula gregaria	common snakeroot	herb	FAC+	2
Sassafras albidum	sassafras	sapling, shrub	FACU	1
Smilax rotundifolia	cat brier	woody vine	FAC	4
Symphoricarpos orbiculatus	coralberry	herb	FACU	1
Tilia americana	basswood	tree	FACU	5
Toxicodendron radicans	poison ivy	shrub, woody vine, her		1
Ulmus americana	American elm	sapling, shrub	FACW-	3
Vernonia gigantea	tall ironweed	herb	FAC	2
Viola pratincola	common blue violet	herb	FAC	ļ
Vitis cinerea	winter grape	woody vine	FACW-	4
Vitis riparia	riverbank grape	woody vine	FACW-	1

<sup>\*</sup>Coefficient of Conservatism (Rothrock 2004)

\*\*Non-native species

 $FQI = R/\sqrt{N} = 161/\sqrt{49} = 23.0$ mCv = R/N = 161/49 = 3.3

Site 17 (page 1 of 4)

Date: 29 July 2004 Field Investigators: Ketzner & Keene Project Name: FAP 827 (IL 15) - New Crossing of the Wabash River

County: Gibson State: Indiana

**Applicant:** IDOT District 7 Site Name: Floodplain Forest

Legal Description: N 1/2, NE 1/4, NW 1/4, NE 1/4, Sec. 33, T1S, R12W Location: Approximately 3.0 m (10 ft) south of 970 W and 171 m (560 ft)

northwest of Maucks Pond

Yes: X No: Do normal environmental conditions exist at this site? Has the vegetation, soils, or hydrology been significantly disturbed? No: X Yes:

#### **VEGETATION**

Dominant Plant Species	<b>Indicator Status</b>	Stratum
1. Acer saccharinum	FACW	tree
2. Ulmus americana	FACW-	tree
3. Ulmus americana	FACW-	sapling
4. Campsis radicans	FAC	shrub
5. Aster ontarionis	FAC	herb
6. Chasmanthium latifolium	FACW	herb
7. Toxicodendron radicans	FAC+	herb

Percentage of dominant species that are OBL, FACW, FAC+, or FAC: 100%

Hydrophytic vegetation: Yes: X No:

Rationale: More than 50% of the dominants are OBL, FACW, FAC+ or

FAC.

#### **SOILS**

Series and phase: Nolin silt loam

On Gibson County hydric soils list? Yes:

No: X Yes: No: X Histic epipedon present? Is the soil a histosol? Yes: No: X

Redox depletions: Yes: Redox concentrations: No: X Yes:

Matrix color: 10YR 4/3 Other indicators: none

> Hydric soils: Yes: No: X

Rationale: Nolin silt loam is a well drained soil that lacks hydric soil

characteristics.

Site 17 (page 2 of 4)

Field Investigators: Ketzner & Keene Date: 29 July 2004 Project Name: FAP 827 (IL 15) - New Crossing of the Wabash River

State: Indiana County: Gibson

Applicant: IDOT District 7 Site Name: Floodplain Forest

**Legal Description:** N 1/2, NE 1/4, NW 1/4, NE 1/4, Sec. 33, T1S, R12W **Location:** Approximately 3.0 m (10 ft) south of 970 W and 171 m (560 ft)

northwest of Maucks Pond

#### **HYDROLOGY**

Inundated? Yes: No: X Depth of standing water: NA

Depth to saturated soil: > 1.3 m (50 in)

Overview of hydrological flow through the system: This site receives water through precipitation and from overflow of the Wabash River and the Patoka River. Water leaves the site via evapotranspiration and sheet flow onto nearby lower ground (Site 15).

Size of watershed: 74,165 km<sup>2</sup> (28,635 mi<sup>2</sup>) (Ogata 1975)

Other field evidence observed: This site is located within the floodplain of the Wabash River and is on the river side of a levee. Drift lines were observed at this site. This site is 2.4-3.0 m (8-10 ft) higher than the adjacent Site 15.

Wetland hydrology: Yes:

Yes: No: X

Rationale: Although this site undoubtedly floods on occasion, we believe inundation and saturation are of short duration only.

The relatively high topography suggests that any water this site receives rapidly drains onto adjacent lower ground. In our opinion, this site is not flooded or saturated long enough

to meet the wetland hydrology criterion.

## DETERMINATION AND RATIONALE:

Is the site a wetland? Rationale for decision: Yes: No: X

Although dominant hydrophytic vegetation is present, hydric soils and wetland hydrology are absent. This site does not meet all of the wetland criteria. The NWI does not code this

site as a wetland.

Determined by: David Ketzner (vegetation and hydrology)

Dennis Keene (soils and hydrology) Illinois Natural History Survey Center for Wildlife and Plant Ecology

# ROUTINE ON-SITE WETLAND DETERMINATION Site 17 (page 3 of 4)

Date: 29 July 2004 Field Investigators: Ketzner & Keene Project Name: FAP 827 (IL 15) - New Crossing of the Wabash River

County: Gibson State: Indiana

Applicant: IDOT District 7 Site Name: Floodplain Forest

Legal Description: N 1/2, NE 1/4, NW 1/4, NE 1/4, Sec. 33, T1S, R12W Location: Approximately 3.0 m (10 ft) south of 970 W and 171 m (560 ft) northwest of Maucks Pond

#### SPECIES LIST

Scientific name	Common name	Stratum	Wetland indicator status	C*
Acalypha rhomboidea	three-seeded mercury	herb	FACU	0
Acer saccharinum	silver maple	tree	FACW	1
Anbrosia trifida	giant ragweed	herb	FAC+	0
Ampelopsis cordata	raccoon grape	woody vine	FAC+	3
Ampetopsis coradia Aster ontarionis	Ontario aster	herb	FAC	3 5
Aster ontarionis Betula nigra	river birch	tree	FACW	2
вениа підта Boehmeria cylindrica	false nettle	herb	OBL	3
Campsis radicans	trumpet creeper	shrub, woody vine, herb	FAC	1
Campsis radicans Carex grayi	bur sedge	herb	FACW+	5
Carex grayı Carex muskingumensis	sedge	herb	OBL	6
<u> </u>	sedge	herb		_
Carex sp. Carex typhina	sedge	herb	OBL	7
Carex typnina Carya illinoensis	pecan	free	FACW	4
Carya uunoensis Celtis occidentalis	hackberry	tree, shrub	FAC-	3
Ceuis occiaentaus Chasmanthium latifolium	sea oats	herb	FACW	4
Cnasmanınının tanjonum Commelina virginica	day flower	herb	FACW	6
Commeuna virguiica Cornus drummondii	rough-leaved dogwood	shrub	FAC	2
	Virginia wild rye	herb	FACW-	3
Elymus virginicus	climbing euonymus	herb	UPL	**
Euonymus fortunei	green ash	tree, sapling, shrub	FACW	1
Fraxinus pennsylvanica	swamp holly	shrub	FACW	6
Ilex decidua	jewelweed	herb	FACW	2
Impatiens capensis	wild sweet potato vine	herb	FACU	3
Ipomoea pandurata	wood nettle	herb	FACW	2
Laportea canadensis	white mulberry	tree, shrub	FAC	**
Morus alba	Virginia creeper	woody vine, herb	FAC-	2
Parthenocissus quinquefolia	Virginia knotweed	herb	FAC	3
Polygonum virginianum	smooth ruellia	herb	FAC+	4
Ruellia strepens	elderberry	herb	FACW-	2
Sambucus canadensis	late goldenrod	herb	FACW	4
Solidago gigantea	poison ivy	shrub, woody vine, herb	FAC+	İ
Toxicodendron radicans	American elm	tree, sapling, shrub	FACW-	ŝ
Ulmus americana	tall ironweed	herb	FAC	2
Vernonia gigantea Viola pratincola	common blue violet	herb	FAC	1

Species list continued on the following page.

Site 17 (page 4 of 4)

Field Investigators: Ketzner & Keene

Date: 29 July 2004

Project Name: FAP 827 (IL 15) - New Crossing of the Wabash River

State: Indiana

County: Gibson

Applicant: IDOT District 7

Site Name: Floodplain Forest

Legal Description: N 1/2, NE 1/4, NW 1/4, NE 1/4, Sec. 33, T1S, R12W Location: Approximately 3.0 m (10 ft) south of 970 W and 171 m (560 ft)

northwest of Maucks Pond

# SPECIES LIST (continued)

Scientific name	Common name	Stratum	Wetland indicator status	C*
Vitis cinerea Vitis riparia	winter grape riverbank grape	woody vine woody vine	FACW- FACW-	4
*Coefficient of Conserva	atiem (Rothrock 2004)		FQI = $R/\sqrt{N} = 96/\sqrt{33} = 16.7$	

 $\tilde{mCv} = R/N = 96/33 = 2.9$ 

<sup>\*\*</sup>Non-native species

No:

No: X

# ROUTINE ON-SITE WETLAND DETERMINATION

Site 18 (page 1 of 3)

Date: 29 July 2004 Field Investigators: Ketzner & Keene Project Name: FAP 827 (IL 15) - New Crossing of the Wabash River

County: Gibson State: Indiana

Site Name: Wet Floodplain Forest **Applicant: IDOT District 7** 

Legal Description: NW 1/4, SE 1/4, SE 1/4, Sec. 28, T1S, R12W

Location: Approximately 140 m (460 ft) northeast of Indiana Route 64 and

646 m (2120 ft) southeast of the Wabash River

Do normal environmental conditions exist at this site? Yes: X Yes:

Has the vegetation, soils, or hydrology been significantly disturbed?

#### **VEGETATION**

**Indicator Status** Stratum **Dominant Plant Species FACW** tree 1. Acer saccharinum **FACW** herb 2. Leersia virginica 3. Toxicodendron radicans FAC+ herb

Percentage of dominant species that are OBL, FACW, FAC+, or FAC: 100%

Hydrophytic vegetation: Yes: X No:

Rationale: More than 50% of the dominants are OBL, FACW, FAC+ or

FAC.

#### **SOILS**

Series and phase: Birds silt loam

No: On Gibson County hydric soils list? Yes: X

Histic epipedon present? Yes: No: X No: X Is the soil a histosol? Yes:

Redox depletions: Yes: X No: Redox concentrations: Yes: X No:

Matrix color: 2.5Y 6/1 and 6/2

Other indicators: This soil is found in a depressional area.

Hydric soils: Yes: X No:

The Natural Resources Conservation Service classifies Birds Rationale:

silt loam as having aquic conditions. This soil has iron masses, concretions, and an iron depleted matrix. These

characteristics are evidence of a hydric soil.

Site 18 (page 2 of 3)

Field Investigators: Ketzner & Keene Date: 29 July 2004 Project Name: FAP 827 (IL 15) - New Crossing of the Wabash River

State: Indiana County: Gibson

Applicant: IDOT District 7 Site Name: Wet Floodplain Forest

Legal Description: NW 1/4, SE 1/4, SE 1/4, Sec. 28, T1S, R12W

Location: Approximately 140 m (460 ft) northeast of Indiana Route 64 and

646 m (2120 ft) southeast of the Wabash River

#### **HYDROLOGY**

Inundated? Yes: No: X Depth of standing water: NA

Depth to saturated soil: > 1.3 m (50 in)

Overview of hydrological flow through the system: This site receives water through precipitation, sheet flow from adjacent higher ground (Site 10), and from overflow of the Wabash River and the Patoka River. Water leaves the site via evapotranspiration.

Size of watershed: 74,165 km<sup>2</sup> (28,635 mi<sup>2</sup>) (Ogata 1975)

Other field evidence observed: This site is lower than surrounding ground. It is located within the floodplain of the Wabash River and is on the river side of a levee. Water-stained leaves, drift lines, and water-borne sediment deposits were observed at this site.

Wetland hydrology: Yes: X

Yes: X No:

Rationale: The relatively low topography, the close proximity to a

major river, and other field evidence indicate that wetland hydrology is present. In our opinion, this site is flooded or saturated long enough to meet the wetland hydrology

criterion.

# DETERMINATION AND RATIONALE:

Is the site a wetland? Rationale for decision: Yes: X No:

Dominant hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils, and wetland hydrology are all present. This site meets all of the wetland criteria.

The NWI codes this site as PFO1A (temporarily flooded, broad-leaved deciduous, forested palustrine wetland).

Determined by: David Ketzner (vegetation and hydrology)

Dennis Keene (soils and hydrology)
Illinois Natural History Survey
Center for Wildlife and Plant Ecology

Site 18 (page 3 of 3)

Date: 29 July 2004 Field Investigators: Ketzner & Keene Project Name: FAP 827 (IL 15) - New Crossing of the Wabash River

County: Gibson State: Indiana

Applicant: IDOT District 7 Site Name: Wet Floodplain Forest

Legal Description: NW 1/4, SE 1/4, SE 1/4, Sec. 28, T1S, R12W

Location: Approximately 140 m (460 ft) northeast of Indiana Route 64 and 646 m (2120 ft) southeast of the Wabash River

#### SPECIES LIST

Scientific name	Common name	Stratum	Wetland indicator status	C*
Acer saccharinum	silver maple	tree, sapling, shrub	FACW	1
Amsonia tabernaemontana	blue star	herb	FACW	5
Asclepias perennis	swamp white milkweed	herb	OBL	8
Aster simplex	panicled aster	herb	FACW	3
Campsis radicans	trumpet creeper	herb	FAC	1
Carex muskingumensis	sedge	herb	OBL	6
Celtis occidentalis	hackberry	shrub	FAC-	3
Chasmanthium latifolium	sea oats	herb	FACW	4
Commelina virginica	day flower	herb	FACW	6
Cynanchum laeve	blue vine	herb	FAC	1
Fraxinus pennsylvanica	green ash	shrub, herb	FACW	1
Gonolobus suberosa	angle-fruited milk vine	herb	NI	7
Ilex decidua	swamp holly	shrub	FACW	6
Ipomoea pandurata	wild sweet potato vine	herb	FACU	3
Laportea canadensis	wood nettle	herb	FACW	2
Leersia virginica	white grass	herb	FACW	4
Menispermum canadense	moonseed	herb	FAC	3
Smilax rotundifolia	cathrier	woody vine	FAC	4
Toxicodendron radicans	poison ivy	woody vine, herb	FAC+	1
Vitis riparia	riverbank grape	woody vine	FACW-	1

<sup>\*</sup>Coefficient of Conservatism (Rothrock 2004)

 $FQI = R/\sqrt{N} = 70/\sqrt{20} = 15.7$ mCv = R/N = 70/20 = 3.5

Site 19 (page 1 of 3)

Date: 29 July 2004 Field Investigators: Ketzner & Keene Project Name: FAP 827 (IL 15) - New Crossing of the Wabash River

County: Gibson State: Indiana

Site Name: Wet Floodplain Forest **Applicant:** IDOT District 7

Legal Description: NW 1/4, SE 1/4, SE 1/4, Sec. 28, T1S, R12W

Location: Approximately 162 m (530 ft) northeast of Indiana Route 64 and

723 m (2400 ft) southeast of the Wabash River

Yes: X No: Do normal environmental conditions exist at this site? No: X Yes:

Has the vegetation, soils, or hydrology been significantly disturbed?

## **VEGETATION**

Dominant Plant Species	<b>Indicator Status</b>	Stratum
1. Acer saccharinum	FACW	tree
2. Liquidambar styraciflua	FACW	tree
3. Celtis occidentalis	FAC-	shrub
4. Toxicodendron radicans	FAC+	herb

Percentage of dominant species that are OBL, FACW, FAC+, or FAC: 75%

Hydrophytic vegetation: Yes: X No:

Rationale: More than 50% of the dominants are OBL, FACW, FAC+ or

FAC.

#### SOILS

Series and phase: Birds silt loam

On Gibson County hydric soils list? Yes: X No:

No: X Yes: Histic epipedon present? Is the soil a histosol? Yes: No: X

Redox depletions: Yes: X No: Yes: X No: Redox concentrations:

Matrix color: 2.5Y 6/1 and 6/2

Other indicators: This soil is found in a depressional area.

Hydric soils: Yes: X No:

The Natural Resources Conservation Service classifies Birds

silt loam as having aquic conditions. This soil has iron masses, concretions, and an iron depleted matrix. These

characteristics are evidence of a hydric soil.

Site 19 (page 2 of 3)

Field Investigators: Ketzner & Keene Date: 29 July 2004 Project Name: FAP 827 (IL 15) - New Crossing of the Wabash River

State: Indiana County: Gibson

Applicant: IDOT District 7 Site Name: Wet Floodplain Forest

Legal Description: NW 1/4, SE 1/4, SE 1/4, Sec. 28, T1S, R12W

Location: Approximately 162 m (530 ft) northeast of Indiana Route 64 and

723 m (2400 ft) southeast of the Wabash River

#### **HYDROLOGY**

Inundated? Yes: No: X Depth of standing water: NA

Depth to saturated soil: 0.9 m (35 in)

Overview of hydrological flow through the system: This site receives water through precipitation, sheet flow from adjacent higher ground (Site 10), and from overflow of the Wabash River and the Patoka River. Water leaves the site via evapotranspiration.

Size of watershed: 74,165 km<sup>2</sup> (28,635 mi<sup>2</sup>) (Ogata 1975)

Other field evidence observed: This site is lower than surrounding ground. It is located within the floodplain of the Wabash River and is on the river side of a levee. Water-stained leaves, drift lines, and water-borne sediment deposits were observed at this site.

Wetland hydrology: Yes: X

Yes: X No:

Rationale: The relatively low topography, the close proximity to a

major river, and other field evidence indicate that wetland hydrology is present. In our opinion, this site is flooded or

saturated long enough to meet the wetland hydrology

criterion.

# **DETERMINATION AND RATIONALE:**

Is the site a wetland? Rationale for decision:

Yes: X No:

Dominant hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils, and wetland hydrology are all present.

This site meets all of the wetland criteria. The NWI codes this site as PFO1A (temporarily flooded, broad-leaved deciduous, forested palustrine wetland).

Determined by: David Ketzner (vegetation and hydrology)

Dennis Keene (soils and hydrology) Illinois Natural History Survey Center for Wildlife and Plant Ecology

Site 19 (page 3 of 3)

Date: 29 July 2004 Field Investigators: Ketzner & Keene Project Name: FAP 827 (IL 15) - New Crossing of the Wabash River

County: Gibson State: Indiana

**Applicant:** IDOT District 7 Site Name: Wet Floodplain Forest

Legal Description: NW 1/4, SE 1/4, SE 1/4, Sec. 28, T1S, R12W

Location: Approximately 162 m (530 ft) northeast of Indiana Route 64 and 723 m (2400 ft) southeast of the Wabash River

## SPECIES LIST

Scientific name	Common name	Stratum	Wetland indicator status	C*
Acer saccharinum	silver maple	tree, sapling, shrub	FACW	1
Amsonia tabernaemontana	blue star	herb	FACW	5
Aster simplex	panicled aster	herb	FACW	3
Betula nigra	river birch	tree, shrub	FACW	2
Campsis radicans	trumpet creeper	herb	FAC	1
Carex typhina	sedge	herb	OBL	7
Carya illinoensis	pecan	sapling, shrub	FACW	4
Celtis occidentalis	hackberry	sapling, shrub	FAC-	3
Cephalanthus occidentalis	buttonbush	shrub	OBL	5
Commelina virginica	day flower	herb	FACW	6
Diospyros virginiana	persimmon	tree, shrub	FAC	2
Forestiera acuminata	swamp privet	shrub	OBL	8
Fraxinus pennsylvanica	green ash	sapling, shrub	FACW	1
Nex decidua	swamp holly	shrub	FACW	6
Ipomoea lacunosa	white morning-glory	herb	FACW	2
Ipomoea pandurata	wild sweet potato vine	herb	FACU	3
Laportea canadensis	wood nettle	herb	FACW	2
Leersia virginica	white grass	herb	FACW	4
Liquidambar styraciflua	sweet gum	tree	FACW	4
Menispermum canadense	moonseed	herb	FAC	3
Platanus occidentalis	sycamore	tree	FACW	3 3
Quercus palustris	pin oak	tree	FACW	
Smilax rotundifolia	catbrier	woody vine	FAC	4
Toxicodendron radicans	poison ivy	woody vine, herb	FAC+	1
Vitis cinerea	winter grape	woody vine	FACW-	4

<sup>\*</sup>Coefficient of Conservatism (Rothrock 2004)

 $FOI = R/\sqrt{N} = 87/\sqrt{25} = 17.4$ mCv = R/N = 87/25 = 3.5

Site 20 (page 1 of 4)

Field Investigators: Ketzner, Keene & Wilm Date: 22 July 2004 Project Name: FAP 827 (IL 15) - New Crossing of the Wabash River

State: Indiana County: Gibson

Applicant: IDOT District 7 Site Name: Floodplain Forest

Legal Description: SE 1/4, NE 1/4, NW 1/4, NE 1/4, Sec. 33, T1S, R12W Location: Approximately 250 m (820 ft) southwest of Indiana Route 64 and

12.2 m (40 ft) west of Maucks Pond

Do normal environmental conditions exist at this site? Yes: X No: Has the vegetation, soils, or hydrology been significantly disturbed? Yes: No: X

#### VEGETATION

Dominant Plant Species	Indicator Status	Stratum
1. Quercus pagoda	NI	tree
2. Ülmus americana	FACW-	tree
3. Toxicodendron radicans	FAC+	herb

Percentage of dominant species that are OBL, FACW, FAC+, or FAC: 100%

Hydrophytic vegetation: Yes: X No:

Rationale: More than 50% of the dominants are OBL, FACW, FAC+ or

FAC.

#### **SOILS**

Series and phase: Nolin silt loam

On Gibson County hydric soils list? Yes: No: X

Is the soil a histosol? Yes: No: X Histic epipedon present? Yes: No: X

Redox concentrations: Yes: No: X Redox depletions: Yes: No: X

Matrix color: 10YR 5/4 Other indicators: none

Hvdric soils: Yes: No: X

Rationale: Nolin silt loam is a well drained soil that lacks hydric soil

characteristics.

Site 20 (page 2 of 4)

Field Investigators: Ketzner, Keene & Wilm Date: 22 July 2004 Project Name: FAP 827 (IL 15) - New Crossing of the Wabash River

State: Indiana County: Gibson

Applicant: IDOT District 7 Site Name: Floodplain Forest

Legal Description: SE 1/4, NE 1/4, NW 1/4, NE 1/4, Sec. 33, T1S, R12W Location: Approximately 250 m (820 ft) southwest of Indiana Route 64 and

12.2 m (40 ft) west of Maucks Pond

#### HYDROLOGY

Inundated? Yes: No: X Depth of standing water: NA

Depth to saturated soil: > 1.0 m (40 in)

Overview of hydrological flow through the system: This site receives water through precipitation and sheet flow from adjacent higher ground (a levee and an old road embankment). Water leaves the site via evapotranspiration and sheet flow onto nearby lower ground (a wetland outside of the project corridor).

Size of watershed:  $< 2.6 \text{ km}^2 (1 \text{ mi}^2)$ 

Other field evidence observed: Although this site is within the floodplain of the Wabash River, it is currently protected from overbank flooding by a levee. This site is topographically higher than an adjacent wetland located outside the project corridor.

Wetland hydrology: Yes: No: X

Rationale: The site is protected from overbank flooding by a levee, and

the relatively high topography suggests that any water this site may receive rapidly drains onto adjacent lower ground. In our opinion, this site is not flooded or saturated long

enough to meet the wetland hydrology criterion.

# DETERMINATION AND RATIONALE:

Is the site a wetland? Rationale for decision: Yes: No: X

Although dominant hydrophytic vegetation is present, hydric soils and wetland hydrology are absent. This site does not meet all of the wetland criteria. The NWI codes this site as PSSIA (temporarily flooded, broad-leaved deciduous, scrub-shrub palustrine wetland).

Determined by: David Ketzner and Brian Wilm (vegetation and hydrology)

Dennis Keene (soils and hydrology)
Illinois Natural History Survey

Center for Wildlife and Plant Ecology

Site 20 (page 3 of 4)

Field Investigators: Ketzner, Keene & Wilm Date: 22 July 200 Project Name: FAP 827 (IL 15) - New Crossing of the Wabash River Date: 22 July 2004

County: Gibson State: Indiana

Site Name: Floodplain Forest **Applicant:** IDOT District 7

Legal Description: SE 1/4, NE 1/4, NW 1/4, NE 1/4, Sec. 33, T1S, R12W Location: Approximately 250 m (820 ft) southwest of Indiana Route 64 and 12.2 m (40 ft) west of Maucks Pond

## SPECIES LIST

Scientific name	Common name	Stratum	Wetland indicator status	C*
Acer negundo	box elder	sapling	FACW-	1
Acer saccharinum	silver maple	tree	FACW	1
Albizia julibrissin	mimosa	tree, shrub	UPL	**
Ampelopsis cordata	raccoon grape	woody vine	FAC+	3
Ampetopsis coradia Aster ontarionis	Ontario aster	herb	FAC	5
Aster simplex	panicled aster	herb	FACW	3
Bignonia capreolata	cross-vine	woody vine	FACW	7
Boehmeria cylindrica	false nettle	herb	OBL	3
Campsis radicans	trumpet creeper	shrub, herb	FAC	1
Carex grayi	bur sedge	herb	FACW+	5
Carya cordiformis	bitternut hickory	sapling, shrub	FAC	5
Carya illinoensis	pecan	tree, sapling, shrub	FACW	4
Carya laciniosa	kingnut hickory	sapling	FACW	8
Catalpa speciosa	catalpa	tree, shrub	FACU	0
Celtis laevigata	sugarberry	tree	FACW	7
Celtis occidentalis	hackberry	shrub	FAC-	3
Cercis canadensis	redbud	sapling	FACU	3
Cinna arundinacea	stout woodreed	herb	FACW	4
Cirsium discolor	field thistle	herb	UPL	3
Cornus drummondii	rough-leaved dogwood	shrub	FAC	2
Cryptotaenia canadensis	honewort	herb	FAC	3
Diospyros virginiana	persimmon	tree, shrub	FAC	2
Elymus virginicus	Virginia wild rye	herb	FACW-	3
Eupatorium rugosum	white snakeroot	herb	FACÜ	2
Fraxinus pennsylvanica	green ash	tree, shrub	FACW	1
Geum canadense	white avens	herb	FAC	1
Gleditsia triacanthos	honey locust	tree	FAC	1
Hackelia virginiana	stickseed	herb	FAC-	0
Ilex decidua	swamp holly	shrub	FACW	6
Impatiens capensis	jewelweed	herb	FACW	2
Ipomoea pandurata	wild sweet potato vine	herb	FACU	3
Juglans nigra	black walnut	sapling	FACU	2
Liquidambar styraciflua	sweet gum	tree, sapling, shrub	FACW	4
Lonicera japonica	Japanese honeysuckle	woody vine	FACU	**
Morus rubra	red mulberry	tree	FAC-	4

Species list continued on the following page.

# ROUTINE ON-SITE WETLAND DETERMINATION Site 20 (page 4 of 4)

Field Investigators: Ketzner, Keene & Wilm Date: 22 July 2004 Project Name: FAP 827 (IL 15) - New Crossing of the Wabash River

County: Gibson State: Indiana

**Applicant:** IDOT District 7 Site Name: Floodplain Forest

Legal Description: SE 1/4, NE 1/4, NW 1/4, NE 1/4, Sec. 33, T1S, R12W Location: Approximately 250 m (820 ft) southwest of Indiana Route 64 and 12.2 m (40 ft) west of Maucks Pond

## SPECIES LIST (continued)

Scientific name	Common name	Derector	Wetland indicator status	C*
D d a cissus avivacuatolia	Virginia creeper	woody vine, herb	FAC-	2
Parthenocissus quinquefolia Polygonum virginianum	Virginia knotweed	herb	FAC	3
Potygonum virginianum Populus deltoides	eastern cottonwood	tree	FAC+	1
Ouercus macrocarpa	bur oak	tree	FAC-	5
Quercus macrocarpa Quercus pagoda	cherrybark oak	tree, sapling	FAC	5
Quercus pagoaa Quercus palustris	pin oak	tree, sapling	FACW	3
Quercus paustris Ouercus shumardii	Shumard's oak	tree	FACW-	7
Quercus suunaran Ouercus velutina	black oak	tree	UPL	4
Rosa multiflora	multiflora rose	shrub	FACU	**
Rubus sp.	blackberry	shrub		_
Kabas sp. Sanicula gregaria	common snakeroot	herb	FAC+	2
Solidago canadensis	Canada goldenrod	herb	FACU	0
Solidago gigantea	late goldenrod	herb	FACW	4
Symphoricarpos orbiculatus	coralberry	herb	FACU	1
Toxicodendron radicans	poison ivy	shrub, woody vine, her	b FAC+	1
Ulmus americana	American elm	tree, sapling, shrub	FACW-	3
Vernonia gigantea	tall ironweed	herb	FAC	2
Vitis cinerea	winter grape	woody vine	FACW-	4

<sup>\*</sup>Coefficient of Conservatism (Rothrock 2004)

\*\*Non-native species

 $FOI = R/\sqrt{N} = 149/\sqrt{49} = 21.3$  $\overrightarrow{mCv} = R/N = 149/49 = 3.0$ 

Site 21 (page 1 of 3)

Field Investigators: Ketzner, Keene & Wilm Date: 22 July 2004 Project Name: FAP 827 (IL 15) - New Crossing of the Wabash River

State: Indiana County: Gibson

Applicant: IDOT District 7 Site Name: Pond Legal Description: N 1/2, NE 1/4, Sec. 33, T1S, R12W

Location: Maucks Pond, 168 m (550 ft) southwest of Indiana Route 64 and

9.1 m (30 ft) west of 950 W

Do normal environmental conditions exist at this site?

Has the vegetation, soils, or hydrology been significantly disturbed?

Yes: X

No: X

## **VEGETATION**

Dominant Plant Species Indicator Status Stratum

none

Percentage of dominant species that are OBL, FACW, FAC+, or FAC: 0%

Hydrophytic vegetation: Yes: No: X

Rationale: This pond does not support rooted-emergent or woody plant

species in enough quantity to meet the criterion for dominant hydrophytic vegetation. The few plant species associated with

this site occur in a very narrow fringe along its perimeter.

#### **SOILS**

Series and phase: Undetermined (excavated)

On Gibson County hydric soils list?: Yes: No: X

Is the soil a histosol? Yes: No: X Histic epipedon present? Yes: No: X

Redox concentrations: Yes: No: Undetermined: X
Redox depletions: Yes: No: Undetermined: X

Matrix color: NA

Other hydric soil indicators: None

Hydric soils: Yes: No: X

Rationale: This site was excavated for a pond. This pond is

permanently inundated and does not support rooted emergent

or woody vegetation.

Site 21 (page 2 of 3)

Field Investigators: Ketzner, Keene & Wilm Date: 22 July 2004 Project Name: FAP 827 (IL 15) - New Crossing of the Wabash River

State: Indiana County: Gibson

Applicant: IDOT District 7 Site Name: Pond Legal Description: N 1/2, NE 1/4, Sec. 33, T1S, R12W

Location: Maucks Pond, 168 m (550 ft) southwest of Indiana Route 64 and

9.1 m (30 ft) west of 950 W

#### **HYDROLOGY**

Inundated? Yes: X No: Depth of standing water: to approximately 2.4 m (8 ft)

Depth to saturated soil: at surface

Overview of hydrological flow through the system: This site receives water through precipitation, sheet flow from adjacent higher ground, and from a ditch and stream that empty into it. Water leaves the site via evapotranspiration.

Size of watershed:  $< 13 \text{ km}^2 (5 \text{ mi}^2)$ 

Other field evidence observed: This excavated site is lower than surrounding ground. Although this site is within the floodplain of the Wabash River, it is currently protected from overbank flooding by a levee.

Wetland hydrology: Yes: X

Yes: X No:

Rationale: The visual observation of inundation and saturation and the

relatively low topography indicate that wetland hydrology is present. This site probably is permanently inundated. In our opinion, this excavated site is flooded or saturated long

enough to meet the wetland hydrology criterion.

# DETERMINATION AND RATIONALE:

Is the site a wetland? Rationale for decision:

Yes: No: X

This site is a deepwater aquatic habitat. Although this permanently inundated area is probably less than 6.6 ft mean annual depth, dominant hydrophytic vegetation and soils which support rooted emergent or woody plants are not present. The NWI codes this site as L1UBH (permanently flooded, limnetic, lacustrine system with an

unconsolidated bottom).

Determined by: David Ketzner and Brian Wilm (vegetation and hydrology)

Dennis Keene (soils and hydrology) Illinois Natural History Survey Center for Wildlife and Plant Ecology

## ROUTINE ON-SITE WETLAND DETERMINATION Site 21 (page 3 of 3)

Field Investigators: Ketzner, Keene & Wilm Date: 22 July 2004 Project Name: FAP 827 (IL 15) - New Crossing of the Wabash River

State: Indiana County: Gibson

Applicant: IDOT District 7 Site Name: Pond Legal Description: N 1/2, NE 1/4, Sec. 33, T1S, R12W

Location: Maucks Pond, 168 m (550 ft) southwest of Indiana Route 64 and

9.1 m (30 ft) west of 950 W

#### SPECIES LIST

Scientific name	Common name	Stratum	Wetland indicator status	C*
Acer saccharinum	silver maple	tree, sapling, shrub	FACW	1
Asclepias incarnata	swamp milkweed	herb	OBL	4
Aster simplex	panicled aster	herb	FACW	3
Betula nigra	river birch	tree, sapling, shrub	FACW	2
Bidens connata	beggar-ticks	herb	OBL	2
Campsis radicans	trumpet creeper	herb	FAC	1
Cephalanthus occidentalis	buttonbush	shrub	OBL	5
Chasmanthium latifolium	sea oats	herb	FACW	4
Cyperus acuminatus	short-point flatsedge	herb	OBL	2
Cyperus esculentus	yellow nutsedge	herb	FACW	0
Eleocharis acicularis	needle spike rush	herb	OBL	2
Elymus virginicus	Virginia wild rye	herb	FACW-	3
Eupatorium serotinum	late boneset	herb	FAC+	0
Fimbristylis autumnalis	autumn sedge	herb	FACW+	3
Forestiera acuminata	swamp privet	sapling, shrub	OBL	8
Fraxinus pennsylvanica	green ash	shrub	FACW	1
Iva annua	marsh elder	herb	FAC	0
Juncus tenuis	path rush	herb	FAC	0
Leersia oryzoides	rice cutgrass	herb	OBL	2
Liquidambar styraciflua	sweet gum	shrub	FACW	4
Lysimachia nummularia	moneywort	herb	FACW+	**
Panicum rigidulum	munro grass	herb	FACW	4
Penthorum sedoides	ditch stonecrop	herb	OBL	2
Phyla lanceolata	fog-fruit	herb	OBL	2
Platanus occidentalis	sycamore	tree	FACW	3
Polygonum sp.	smartweed	herb		_
Rorippa sylvestris	creeping yellow cress	herb	OBL	**
Salix nigra	black willow	shrub	OBL	3
Spermacoce glabra	smooth buttonweed	herb	FACW+	3
Toxicodendron radicans	poison ivy	herb	FAC+	1
Ulmus americana	American elm	tree, sapling, shrub	FACW-	3
Vitis riparia	riverbank grape	woody vine	FACW-	1

<sup>\*</sup>Coefficient of Conservatism (Rothrock 2004)

\*\*Non-native species

FQI =  $R/\sqrt{N}$  =  $69/\sqrt{29}$  = 12.8 mCv = R/N = 69/29 = 2.4

Site 22 (page 1 of 4)

Field Investigators: Ketzner & Keene Date: 29 July 2004 Project Name: FAP 827 (IL 15) - New Crossing of the Wabash River

State: Indiana County: Gibson

Applicant: IDOT District 7 Site Name: Wet Meadow

Legal Description: SW 1/4, SW 1/4, SE 1/4, SE 1/4, Sec. 28, T1S, R12W Location: Approximately 21.3 m (70 ft) southwest of Indiana Route 64 and

36.6 m (120 ft) west of 950 W

Do normal environmental conditions exist at this site? Yes: X No: Has the vegetation, soils, or hydrology been significantly disturbed? Yes: No: X

#### **VEGETATION**

Dominant Plant Species	Indicator Status	Stratum
1. Iva annua	FAC	herb
2. Panicum rigidulum	FACW	herb
3. Panicum virgatum	FAC+	herb

Percentage of dominant species that are OBL, FACW, FAC+, or FAC: 100%

Hydrophytic vegetation: Yes: X No:

Rationale: More than 50% of the dominants are OBL, FACW, FAC+ or

FAC.

#### SOILS

Series and phase: Birds silt loam

On Gibson County hydric soils list? Yes: X No:

Is the soil a histosol? Yes: No: X Histic epipedon present? Yes: No: X

Redox concentrations: Yes: X No: Redox depletions: Yes: X No:

Matrix color: 2.5Y 5/2

Other indicators: This soil is found in a low area adjacent to a pond.

Note: Some of the surface may have been disturbed due to previous earth moving and

scraping activities.

Hydric soils: Yes: X No:

Rationale: The Natural Resources Conservation Service classifies Birds

silt loam as having aquic conditions. This soil has iron masses, iron depletions, and an iron depleted matrix. These

characteristics are evidence of a hydric soil.

Site 22 (page 2 of 4)

Field Investigators: Ketzner & Keene **Date:** 29 July 2004 Project Name: FAP 827 (IL 15) - New Crossing of the Wabash River

County: Gibson State: Indiana

Site Name: Wet Meadow **Applicant: IDOT District 7** 

Legal Description: SW 1/4, SW 1/4, SE 1/4, SE 1/4, Sec. 28, T1S, R12W Location: Approximately 21.3 m (70 ft) southwest of Indiana Route 64 and

36.6 m (120 ft) west of 950 W

#### HYDROLOGY

No: X Inundated? Yes:

Depth of standing water: NA

Depth to saturated soil: > 1.3 m (50 in)

Overview of hydrological flow through the system: This site receives water through precipitation, sheet flow from adjacent higher ground (a levee and road embankment), and from overflow of the Wabash River and the Patoka River. Water leaves the site via evapotranspiration and sheet flow into the adjacent pond (Site 9).

Size of watershed: 74,165 km<sup>2</sup> (28,635 mi<sup>2</sup>) (Ogata 1975)

Other field evidence observed: This site is located within the floodplain of the Wabash River and is on the river side of a levee. Drift lines and water-borne sediment deposits were observed at this site.

Wetland hydrology: Yes: X

No:

Rationale: The relatively low topography, the close proximity to a

major river, and other field evidence indicate that wetland hydrology is present. In our opinion, this site is flooded or saturated long enough to meet the wetland hydrology

criterion.

# DETERMINATION AND RATIONALE:

Is the site a wetland? Rationale for decision: Yes: X No:

Dominant hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils, and wetland hydrology are all present. This site meets all of the wetland criteria.

The NWI codes this site as PEMA

(temporarily flooded, emergent, palustrine

wetland).

Determined by: David Ketzner (vegetation and hydrology)

Dennis Keene (soils and hydrology) Illinois Natural History Survey

Center for Wildlife and Plant Ecology

## ROUTINE ON-SITE WETLAND DETERMINATION Site 22 (page 3 of 4)

Field Investigators: Ketzner & Keene Date: 29 July 2004 Project Name: FAP 827 (IL 15) - New Crossing of the Wabash River

State: Indiana County: Gibson

Applicant: IDOT District 7 Site Name: Wet Meadow

Legal Description: SW 1/4, SW 1/4, SE 1/4, SE 1/4, Sec. 28, T1S, R12W Location: Approximately 21.3 m (70 ft) southwest of Indiana Route 64 and

36.6 m (120 ft) west of 950 W

## SPECIES LIST

Scientific name	Common name	Stratum	Wetland indicator status	C*
Acalypha rhomboidea	three-seeded mercury	herb	FACU	0
Acalypha virginica	three-seeded mercury	herb	FACU	0
Acer saccharinum	silver maple	herb	FACW	1
Acer sacciai atan Amsonia tahernaemontana	blue star	herb	FACW	5
Amsonia idvernaemoniana Apocynum cannabinum	dogbane	herb	FAC	2
Apocynum cannaoinum Asclepias incarnata	swamp milkweed	herb	OBL	4
Asclepias incarnaia Asclepias perennis	swamp white milkweed	herb	OBL	8
Asciepias pereitius Aster simplex	panicled aster	herb	FACW	3
Aster simplex Aster vimineus	frost flower	herb	FACW-	4
2070	river birch	tree, shrub	FACW	2
Betula nigra	trumpet creeper	herb	FAC	1
Campsis radicans	sedge	herb	OBL	6
Carex muskingumensis	sedge	herb	OBL	. 7
Carex typhina	buttonbush	shrub	OBL	5
Cephalanthus occidentalis	day flower	herb	FACW	6
Commelina virginica	red-rooted sedge	herb	OBL	1
Cyperus erythrorhizos	straw colored flatsedge	herb	FACW	0
Cyperus strigosus	panicled tick trefoil	herb	FACU	
Desmodium paniculatum	panic grass	herb	FAC	2
Dichanthelium acuminatum	large buttonweed	herb	FACW	2 2 2
Diodia virginiana	spike rush	herb	OBL	1
Eleocharis obtusa	Virginia wild rye	herb	FACW-	3
Elymus virginicus	late boneset	herb	FAC+	Ō
Eupatorium serotinum		shrub	OBL	8
Forestiera acuminata	swamp privet	shrub, herb	FACW	1
Fraxinus pennsylvanica	green ash rose mallow	herb	OBL	4
Hibiscus laevis	dwarf St. Johns-wort	herb	FACW	4
Hypericum mutilum	=	herb	FACU	3
Ipomoea pandurata	wild sweet potato vine	herb	FAC	0
Iva annua	marsh elder	herb	OBL	5
Leersia lenticularis	catchfly grass	herb	FACW	4
Leersia virginica	white grass	nero herb	NI	**
Lespedeza cuneata	sericea lespedeza	nero herb	UPL	6
Lespedeza repens	creeping bush clover	shrub	FACW	4
Liquidambar styraciflua	sweet gum	herb	OBL	3
Ludwigia palustris	marsh purslane	HEID	OBL	3

Site 22 (page 4 of 4)

Field Investigators: Ketzner & Keene

Date: 29 July 2004

Project Name: FAP 827 (IL 15) - New Crossing of the Wabash River

State: Indiana

County: Gibson

Site Name: Wet Meadow

**Applicant:** IDOT District 7 Legal Description: SW 1/4, SW 1/4, SE 1/4, SE 1/4, Sec. 28, T1S, R12W Location: Approximately 21.3 m (70 ft) southwest of Indiana Route 64 and 36.6 m (120 ft) west of 950 W

## **SPECIES LIST (continued)**

Scientific name	Common name	Stratum	Wetland indicator status	C*
- 1 - 17	Circuit language if a	herb	FACW	4
Lysimachia ciliata	fringed loosestrife	herb	FACW+	**
Lysimachia nummularia	moneywort	shrub	FAC	**
Morus alba	white mulberry	herb	FACU	0
Oxalis stricta	yellow wood sorrel	herb	FACW	4
Panicum rigidulum	munro grass	herb	FACI	4
Panicum virgatum	prairie switchgrass	herb	FACW	3
Paspalum pubiflorum	beadgrass	herb	OBL	2
Phyla lanceolata	fog-fruit	herb	UPL	Õ
Physalis subglabrata	smooth ground cherry	tree, shrub	FACW	3
Platanus occidentalis	sycamore	herb	UPL	**
Polygonum cespitosum	creeping smartweed	herb	FACW+	0
Polygonum lapathifolium	curttop lady's thumb	herb	FACW+	ŏ
Polygonum pensylvanicum	common smartweed	herb	OBL	3
Polygonum punctatum	dotted smartweed	herb	FAC-	4
Polygonum ramosissimum	bushy knotweed	shrub, herb	FAC+	1
Populus deltoides	eastern cottonwood	sinuo, nero shrub	FACW	3
Quercus palustris	pin oak	herb	OBL	**
Rorippa sylvestris	creeping yellow cress	nero shrub	OBL	3
Salix nigra	black willow	<del>-</del>	FACU-	4
Schizachyrium scoparium	little bluestem	herb	FACU+	**
Setaria faberi	giant foxtail	herb	FAC	**
Setaria glauca	yellow foxtail	herb	FACU-	0
Solanum carolinense	horse-nettle	herb	FACU	**
Sorghum halepense	Johnson grass	herb	FACW+	3
Spermacoce glabra	smooth buttonweed	herb	FAC+	1
Toxicodendron radicans	poison ivy	herb	FACW-	3
Ulmus americana	American elm	herb	FACW-	4
Vitis cinerea Vitis riparia	winter grape riverbank grape	woody vine woody vine	FACW-	1

<sup>\*</sup>Coefficient of Conservatism (Rothrock 2004)

\*\*Non-native species

 $FQI = R/\sqrt{N} = 157/\sqrt{56} = 21.0$ mCv = R/N = 157/56 = 2.8

Site 23 (page 1 of 4)

Field Investigators: Ketzner, Keene & Wilm Date: 22 July 2004 Project Name: FAP 827 (IL 15) - New Crossing of the Wabash River

State: Indiana County: Gibson

Applicant: IDOT District 7 Site Name: Wet Floodplain Forest Legal Description: N 1/2, NE 1/4, NE 1/4, NE 1/4, Sec. 33, T1S, R12W

Location: Approximately 13.7 m (45 ft) northeast of Indiana Route 64 and

9.1 m (30 ft) east of 950 W

Do normal environmental conditions exist at this site? Yes: X No: Has the vegetation, soils, or hydrology been significantly disturbed? Yes: No: X

#### **VEGETATION**

Dominant Plant Species	Indicator Status	Stratum
1. Acer saccharinum	FACW	tree
2. Fraxinus pennsylvanica	FACW	tree
3. Quercus palustris	FACW	tree
4. Quercus palustris .	FACW	sapling
5. Fraxinus pennsylvanica	FACW	shrub
6. Carex muskingumensis	OBL	herb
7. Carex typhina	OBL	herb

Percentage of dominant species that are OBL, FACW, FAC+, or FAC: 100%

Hydrophytic vegetation: Yes: X No:

Rationale: More than 50% of the dominants are OBL, FACW, FAC+ or

FAC.

#### **SOILS**

Series and phase: Vincennes loam

On Gibson County hydric soils list? Yes: X No:

Is the soil a histosol? Yes: No: X Histic epipedon present? Yes: No: X

Redox concentrations: Yes: X No: Redox depletions: Yes: X No:

Matrix color: 10YR 5/1

Other indicators: This soil is found in a level to depressional area.

Hydric soils: Yes: X No:

Rationale: The Natural Resources Conservation Service classifies

Vincennes loam as having aquic conditions. This soil has iron masses, an iron depleted matrix, and is found in a low-lying area. These characteristics are evidence of a hydric

soil.

## ROUTINE ON-SITE WETLAND DETERMINATION Site 23 (page 2 of 4)

Field Investigators: Ketzner, Keene & Wilm **Date: 22 July 2004** Project Name: FAP 827 (IL 15) - New Crossing of the Wabash River

County: Gibson State: Indiana

Site Name: Wet Floodplain Forest **Applicant: IDOT District 7** Legal Description: N 1/2, NE 1/4, NE 1/4, NE 1/4, Sec. 33, T1S, R12W Location: Approximately 13.7 m (45 ft) northeast of Indiana Route 64 and

9.1 m (30 ft) east of 950 W

#### **HYDROLOGY**

Depth of standing water: to 0.10 m (4 in) No: Inundated? Yes: X

Depth to saturated soil: at surface

Overview of hydrological flow through the system: This site receives water through precipitation, sheet flow from adjacent higher ground (a small berm and the road embankment), and from overflow of a ditch between this site and Indiana Route 64. Water leaves the site via evapotranspiration and possibly from sheet flow into the adjacent ditch.

Size of watershed:  $< 2.6 \text{ km}^2 (1 \text{ mi}^2)$ 

Other field evidence observed: Although this site is within the floodplain of the Wabash River, it is currently protected from overbank flooding by a levee. A small berm encloses this triangular site on two sides, and the road embankment along the third side. The berm holds water within this site. The ditch appears to mostly add water to the site as it overflows, and probably rarely aids its drainage.

Wetland hydrology: Yes: X

Rationale: The visual observation of inundation and saturation, the

relatively low topography, and other field evidence indicate that wetland hydrology is present. In our opinion, this site is flooded or saturated long enough to meet the wetland

hydrology criterion.

# DETERMINATION AND RATIONALE:

Is the site a wetland? Rationale for decision: Yes: X No:

Dominant hydrophytic vegetation, hydric soils, and wetland hydrology are all present. This site meets all of the wetland criteria. The NWI codes this site as PFO1A (temporarily flooded, broad-leaved

deciduous, forested palustrine wetland).

Determined by: David Ketzner and Brian Wilm (vegetation and hydrology)

Dennis Keene (soils and hydrology) Illinois Natural History Survey

Center for Wildlife and Plant Ecology

## ROUTINE ON-SITE WETLAND DETERMINATION Site 23 (page 3 of 4)

Field Investigators: Ketzner, Keene & Wilm Date: 22 July 2004 Project Name: FAP 827 (IL 15) - New Crossing of the Wabash River

County: Gibson State: Indiana

Site Name: Wet Floodplain Forest **Applicant:** IDOT District 7 Legal Description: N 1/2, NE 1/4, NE 1/4, NE 1/4, Sec. 33, T1S, R12W Location: Approximately 13.7 m (45 ft) northeast of Indiana Route 64 and 9.1 m (30 ft) east of 950 W

## SPECIES LIST

Scientific name	Common name	Stratum	Wetland indicator status	C*
Acer saccharinum	silver maple	tree	FACW	1
Alisma plantago-aquatica	broad-leaf water-plantain	herb	OBL	2
Aster simplex	panicled aster	herb	FACW	3
Betula nigra	river birch	tree	FACW	2
Bidens connata	beggar-ticks	herb	OBL	2
Bidens frondosa	common beggar-ticks	herb	FACW	1
Carex grayi	bur sedge	herb	FACW+	5
Carex hyalinolepis	sedge	herb	OBL	3
Carex muskingumensis	sedge	herb	OBL	6
Carex typhina	sedge	herb	OBL	7
Carya laciniosa	kingnut hickory	shrub	FACW	8
Catalpa speciosa	catalpa	tree	FACU	0
Celtis laevigata	sugarberry	tree, sapling	FACW	7
Diospyros virginiana	persimmon	tree	FAC	2
Echinochloa muricata	barnyard grass	herb	OBL	1
Fraxinus pennsylvanica	green ash	tree, sapling, shrub	FACW	1
Gleditsia triacanthos	honey locust	tree	FAC	1
llex decidua	swamp holly	shrub	FACW	6
Ipomoea pandurata	wild sweet potato vine	herb	FACU	3
гротови ранашчага Iva annua	marsh elder	herb	FAC	0
Leersia lenticularis	catchfly grass	herb	OBL	5
Leersia virginica	white grass	herb	FACW	4
Liquidambar styraciflua	sweet gum	tree, sapling, shrub	FACW	4
Lysimachia nummularia	moneywort	herb	FACW+	**
Menispermum canadense	moonseed	herb	FAC	3
Penthorum sedoides	ditch stonecrop	herb	OBL	2
Phyla lanceolata	fog-fruit	herb	OBL	2
Platanus occidentalis	sycamore	tree	FACW	3
Polygonum cespitosum	creeping smartweed	herb	UPL	**
Polygonum vespuosum Polygonum punctatum	dotted smartweed	herb	OBL	3
Populus deltoides	eastern cottonwood	· tree	FAC+	1
Quercus pagoda	cherrybark oak	tree	FAC	5
Quercus pagoau Quercus palustris	pin oak	tree, sapling, shrub	FACW	3
Sium suave	water parsnip	herb	OBL	5

Species list continued on following page.

Site 23 (page 4 of 4)

Field Investigators: Ketzner, Keene & Wilm Date: 22 July 200 Project Name: FAP 827 (IL 15) - New Crossing of the Wabash River Date: 22 July 2004

County: Gibson State: Indiana

Site Name: Wet Floodplain Forest Applicant: IDOT District 7 Legal Description: N 1/2, NE 1/4, NE 1/4, NE 1/4, Sec. 33, T1S, R12W

Location: Approximately 13.7 m (45 ft) northeast of Indiana Route 64 and

9.1 m (30 ft) east of 950 W

## **SPECIES LIST (continued)**

Scientific name	Common name	Stratum	Wetland indicator status	C*
Toxicodendron radicans	poison ivy	woody vine, herb	FAC+ FACW-	1 2
Ulmus americana	American elm	tree, sapling		<u>.</u>
*Coefficient of Conservatism (Rothrock 2004)		$FQI = R/\sqrt{N} = 105/\sqrt{34} = 18.0$ FQI = R/N = 105/34 = 3.1		

\*\*Non-native species

Site 24 (page 1 of 3)

Field Investigators: Ketzner, Keene & Larimore Date: 4 August 2004

Project Name: FAP 827 (IL 15) - New Crossing of the Wabash River

County: Gibson State: Indiana

Site Name: Pond **Applicant:** IDOT District 7

Legal Description: NE 1/4, NE 1/4, NE 1/4, NE 1/4, Sec. 33 and N 1/2, NW 1/4,

NW 1/4, Sec. 34, T1S, R12W

Location: 41.1 m (135 ft) northeast of Indiana Route 64 and 152 m (500 ft) east of

Do normal environmental conditions exist at this site?

Yes: X No:

Has the vegetation, soils, or hydrology been significantly disturbed?

Yes:

No: X

No: X

#### **VEGETATION**

**Dominant Plant Species** 

**Indicator Status** 

Stratum

none

Percentage of dominant species that are OBL, FACW, FAC+, or FAC: 0%

Hydrophytic vegetation: Yes:

No: X

Rationale: This pond does not support rooted-emergent or woody plant species in enough quantity to meet the criterion for dominant hydrophytic vegetation. The few plant species associated with

this site occur in a very narrow fringe along its perimeter.

#### SOILS

Series and phase: Undetermined (excavated)

No: X Yes: On Gibson County hydric soils list?:

Yes: Histic epipedon present? Is the soil a histosol? Yes: No: X

Undetermined: X Redox concentrations: No: Yes:

Undetermined: X No: Yes: Redox depletions:

Matrix color: NA

Other hydric soil indicators: None

No: X Hydric soils: Yes:

This site was excavated for a pond. This pond is Rationale:

permanently inundated and does not support rooted emergent

or woody vegetation.

Site 24 (page 2 of 3)

Field Investigators: Ketzner, Keene & Larimore Date: 4 August 2004

Project Name: FAP 827 (IL 15) - New Crossing of the Wabash River

State: Indiana County: Gibson

Applicant: IDOT District 7 Site Name: Pond

Legal Description: NE 1/4, NE 1/4, NE 1/4, NE 1/4, Sec. 33 and N 1/2, NW 1/4,

NW 1/4, Sec. 34, T1S, R12W

Location: 41.1 m (135 ft) northeast of Indiana Route 64 and 152 m (500 ft) east of

950 W

## **HYDROLOGY**

Inundated? Yes: X No: Depth of standing water: > 3.0 m (10 ft)

Depth to saturated soil: at surface

Overview of hydrological flow through the system: This site receives water through precipitation and sheet flow from adjacent higher ground. Water leaves the site via evapotranspiration.

Size of watershed:  $< 2.6 \text{ km}^2 (1 \text{ mi}^2)$ 

Other field evidence observed: This excavated site is lower than surrounding ground. Although this site is within the floodplain of the Wabash River, it is currently protected from overbank flooding by a levee.

Wetland hydrology: Yes: X No:

Rationale: The visual observation of inundation and saturation and the

relatively low topography indicate that wetland hydrology is present. This site is permanently inundated. In our opinion, this excavated site is flooded or saturated long enough to

meet the wetland hydrology criterion.

# **DETERMINATION AND RATIONALE:**

Is the site a wetland? Rationale for decision: Yes: No: X

This site is a deepwater aquatic habitat that is permanently inundated at mean water depths of > 6.6 feet. Dominant hydrophytic vegetation and soils which support rooted emergent or woody plants are not present.

The NWI codes this site as PUBGx

(excavated, intermittently exposed, palustrine wetland with an unconsolidated bottom).

Determined by: David Ketzner and Rick Larimore (vegetation and hydrology)

Dennis Keene (soils and hydrology)
Illinois Natural History Survey

Center for Wildlife and Plant Ecology

Site 24 (page 3 of 3)

Field Investigators: Ketzner, Keene & Larimore Date: 4 August 2004

Project Name: FAP 827 (IL 15) - New Crossing of the Wabash River

State: Indiana County: Gibson

Applicant: IDOT District 7 Site Name: Pond

Legal Description: NE 1/4, NE 1/4, NE 1/4, NE 1/4, Sec. 33 and N 1/2, NW 1/4,

NW 1/4, Sec. 34, T1S, R12W

Location: 41.1 m (135 ft) northeast of Indiana Route 64 and 152 m (500 ft) east of

950 W

## SPECIES LIST

Scientific name	Common name	Stratum	Wetland indicator status	C*
Acer saccharinum	silver maple	herb	FACW	1
Acer saccharmum Ambrosia artemisiifolia	common ragweed	herb	FACU	0
Amorosia ariemistijona Aster ontarionis	Ontario aster	herb	FAC	5
Aster simplex	panicled aster	herb	FACW	3
Aster simplex Bidens connata	beggar-ticks	herb	OBL	2
Bidens frondosa	common beggar-ticks	herb	FACW	1
Carex tribuloides	sedge	herb	FACW+	5
Cuscuta sp.	dodder	herb		_
Cyperus esculentus	yellow nutsedge	herb	FACW	0
Cyperus escuienus Cyperus strigosus	straw colored flatsedge	herb	FACW	0
Echinochloa muricata	barnyard grass	herb	OBL	1
Eleocharis obtusa	spike rush	herb	OBL	1
Fraxinus pennsylvanica	green ash	herb	FACW	1
Iva annua	marsh elder	herb	FAC	0
Juncus acuminatus	knotty-leaved rush	herb	OBL	4
Juncus interior	inland rush	herb	FAC+	3 ·
Kummerowia striata	Japanese lespedeza	herb	FACU	**
Leersia oryzoides	rice cutgrass	herb	OBL	2
Lycopus americanus	common water horehound	herb	OBL	3
Paspalum laeve	bead grass	herb	UPL	2
Phyla lanceolata	fog-fruit	herb	OBL	2
Populus deltoides	eastern cottonwood	herb	FAC+	1
Salix exigua	sandbar willow	shrub, herb	OBL	1
Salix nigra	black willow	shrub, herb	OBL	3
Solidago canadensis	Canada goldenrod	herb	FACU	0
Ulmus americana	American elm	herb	FACW-	3

<sup>\*</sup>Coefficient of Conservatism (Rothrock 2004)

\*\*Non-native species

 $FQI = R/\sqrt{N} = 44/\sqrt{24} = 9.0$ 

 $\overrightarrow{mCv} = R/N = 44/24 = 1.8$ 



ILLINOIS NATURAL HISTORY SURVEY



26 October 2004

Mr. Tom Brooks
Illinois Department of Transportation
Bureau of Design & Environment
2300 South Dirksen Parkway
Springfield, IL 62764

Dear Tom:

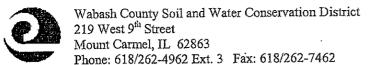
Enclosed is the NRCS wetland inventory map for FAP 827 (IL 15) in Wabash County, along with a copy of a letter from Mr. Brandon Rhinehart. This map shows the extent of Wetland Site 2, as determined by the NRCS. This information should have been included with the report recently submitted. However, I neglected to enclose this information when I mailed the report to you. Please contact Allen Plocher or me if you have questions regarding this project. Thank you.

Sincerely,

David M. Ketzner

OCT 2 7 2004

David M. Ketzner

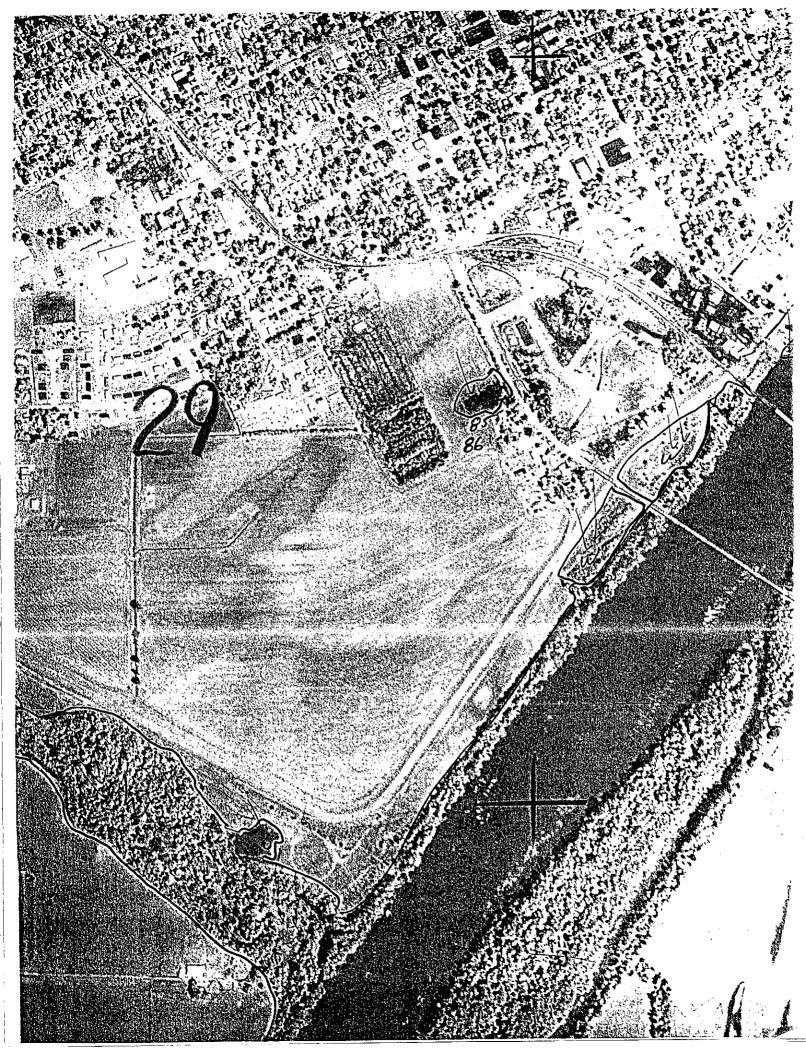


E-mail: colleen.kensler@il.nacdnet.net brandon.rhinehart@il.nacdnet.net

Dear Mr. Ketzner,

Enclosed are two aerial maps of NRCS wetland inventory maps. If you need more information, you can call 618-262-4962 ext. 3 or e-mail me at brandon.rhinehart@il.nacdnet.net.

Brandon Rhinehart Resource Conservationist



# Appendix V